

## Automated Driving System Toolbox R2017a

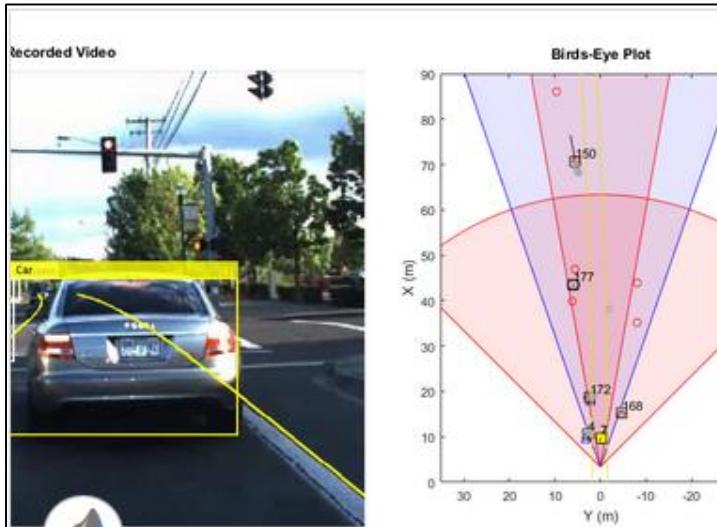
### *Case study: Vision and radar-based sensor fusion*



**Seo-Wook Park**  
Principal Application Engineer  
The MathWorks, Inc.

# Automated Driving System Toolbox R2017a

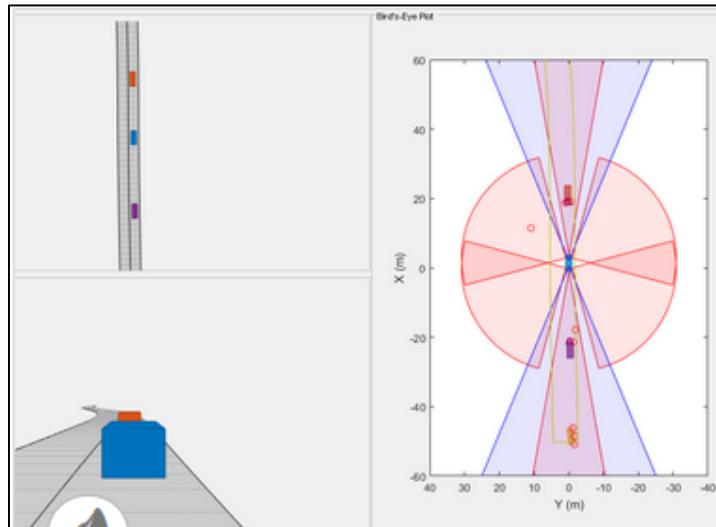
## Examples for vision and radar-based sensor fusion



### Forward Collision Warning Using Sensor Fusion

Perform forward collision warning by fusing data from vision and radar sensors to track objects in front of the vehicle.

[Open Script](#)



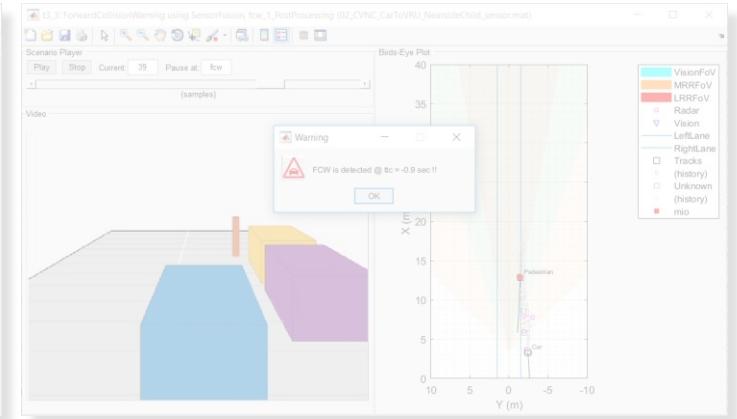
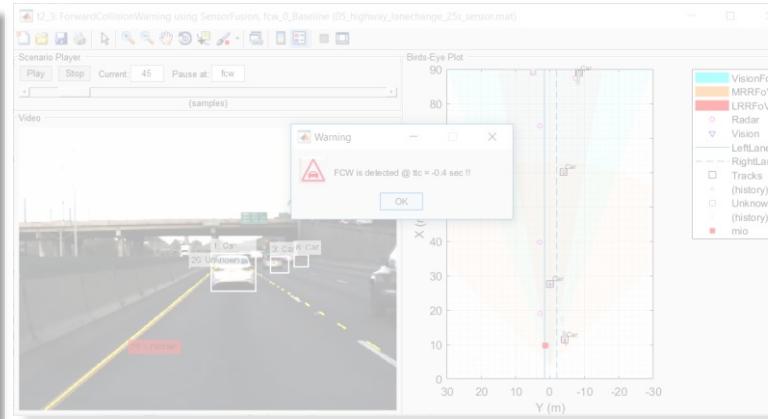
### Sensor Fusion Using Synthetic Radar and Vision Data

Generate a scenario, simulate sensor detections, and use sensor fusion to track simulated vehicles. The main benefit of using scenario

[Open Script](#)

# Automated Driving System Toolbox R2017a

## *Case study: Vision and radar-based sensor fusion*



### *Explore a baseline sensor fusion algorithm*

- Read logged vehicle data
- Visualize vehicle data
- Create multi-object tracker
- Implement forward collision warning

### *Test the algorithm with new data set*

- Test the baseline algorithm with new data set
- Tune algorithm parameters
- Customize the algorithm

### *Synthesize data to further test the algorithm*

- Create driving scenario
- Add sensor detections
- Generate synthetic data
- Test the algorithm

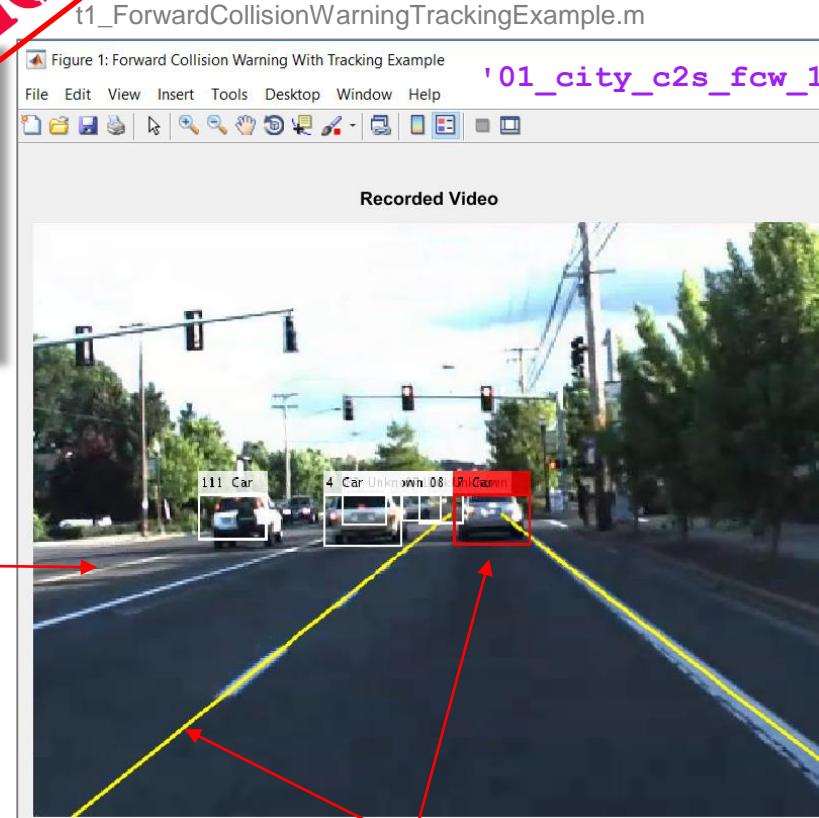
# Explore a baseline sensor fusion algorithm

R2017a

**DEMO**

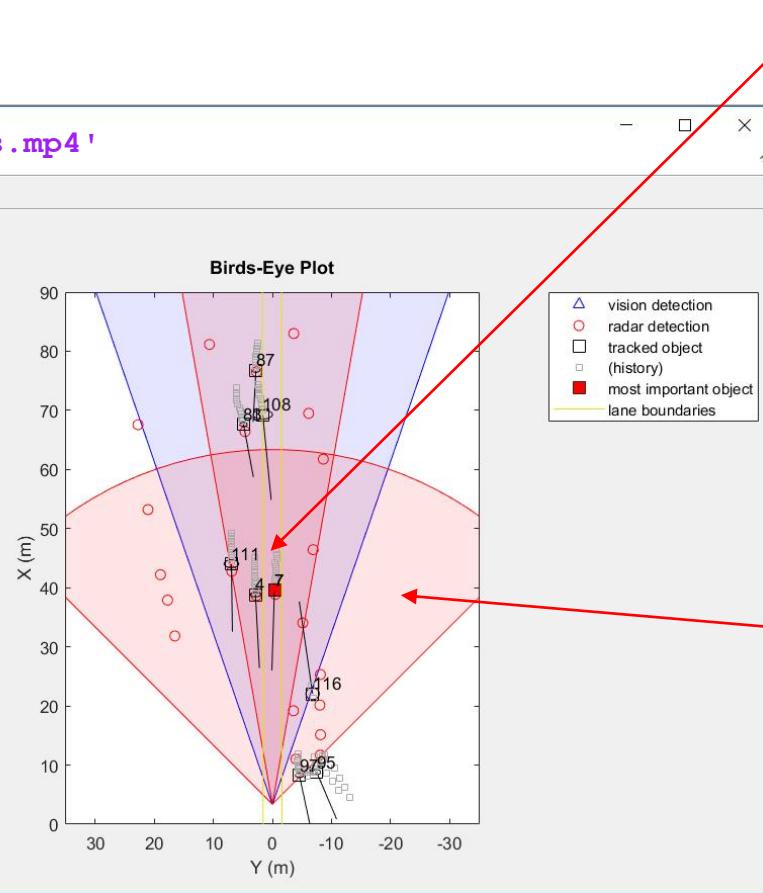
## Video Display

- VideoReader
- readFrame
- imshow



## Video Annotation

- parabolicLaneBoundary
- insertLaneBoundary
- vehicleToImage
- insertObjectAnnotation

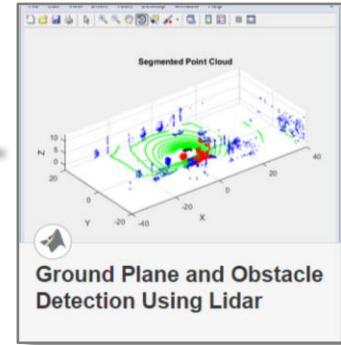
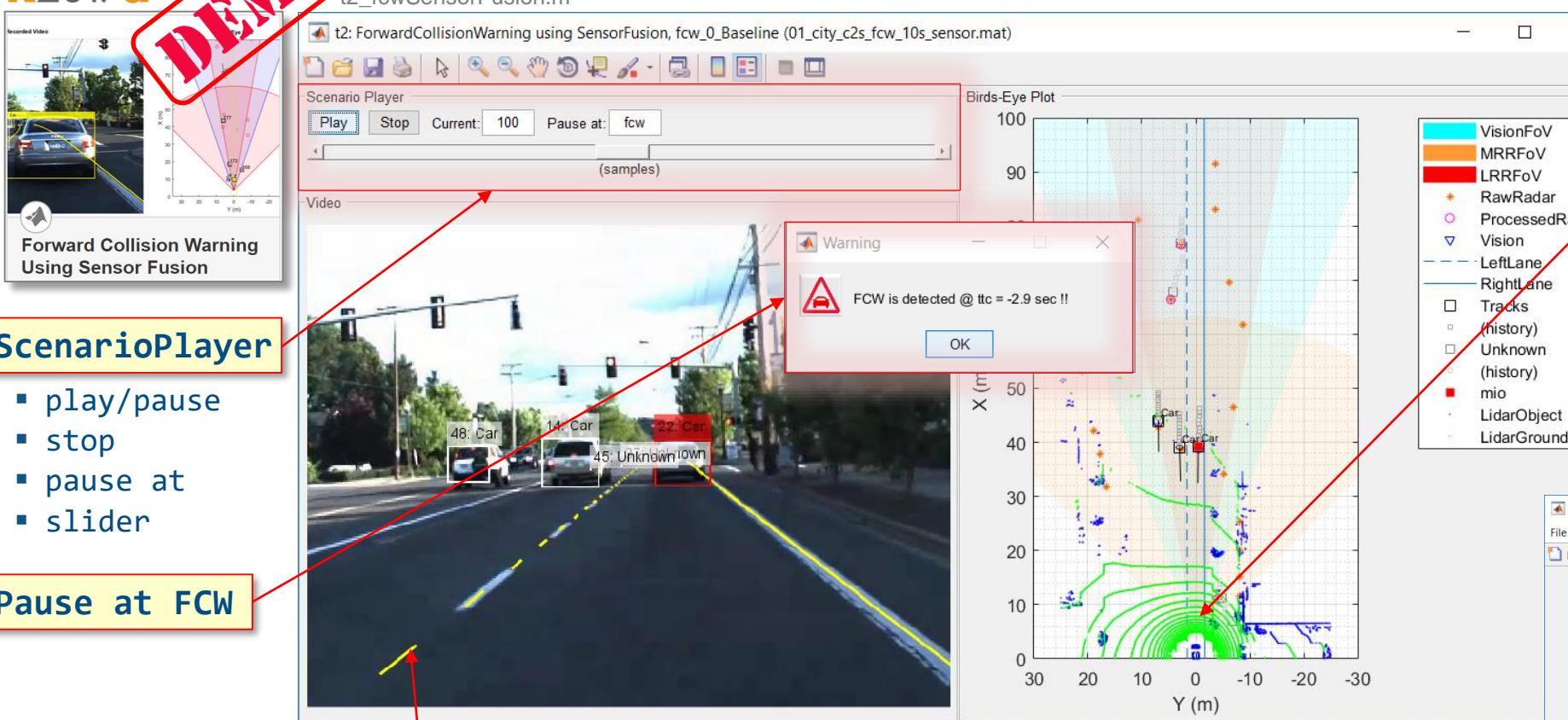


## birdsEyePlot

- coverageAreaPlotter
- plotCoverageArea
- detectionPlotter
- plotDetection
- laneBoundaryPlotter
- plotLaneBoundary
- trackPlotter
- plotTrack

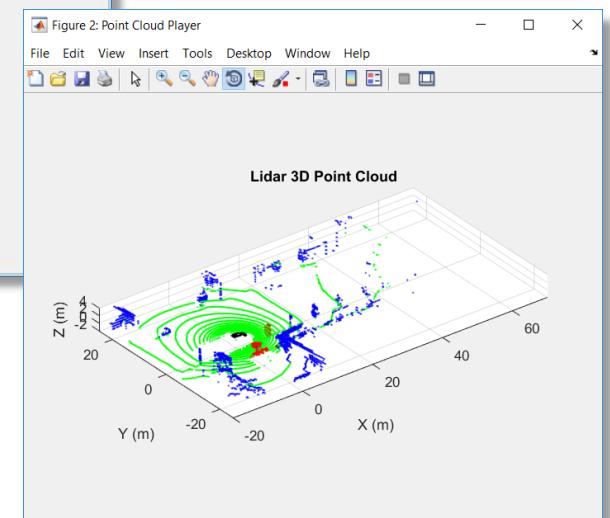
# Explore a baseline sensor fusion algorithm + ScenarioPlayer + PointCloud

R2017a

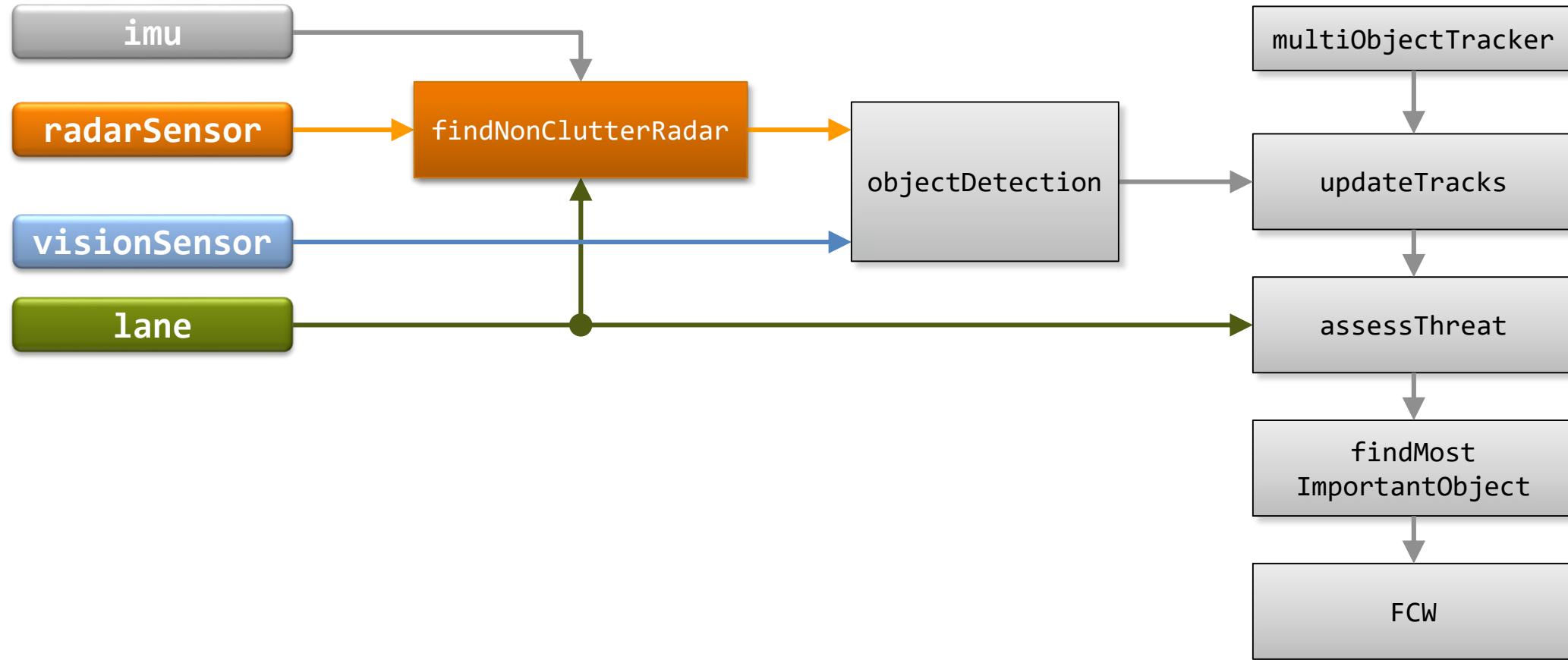
**DEMO**

## Lidar Point Cloud

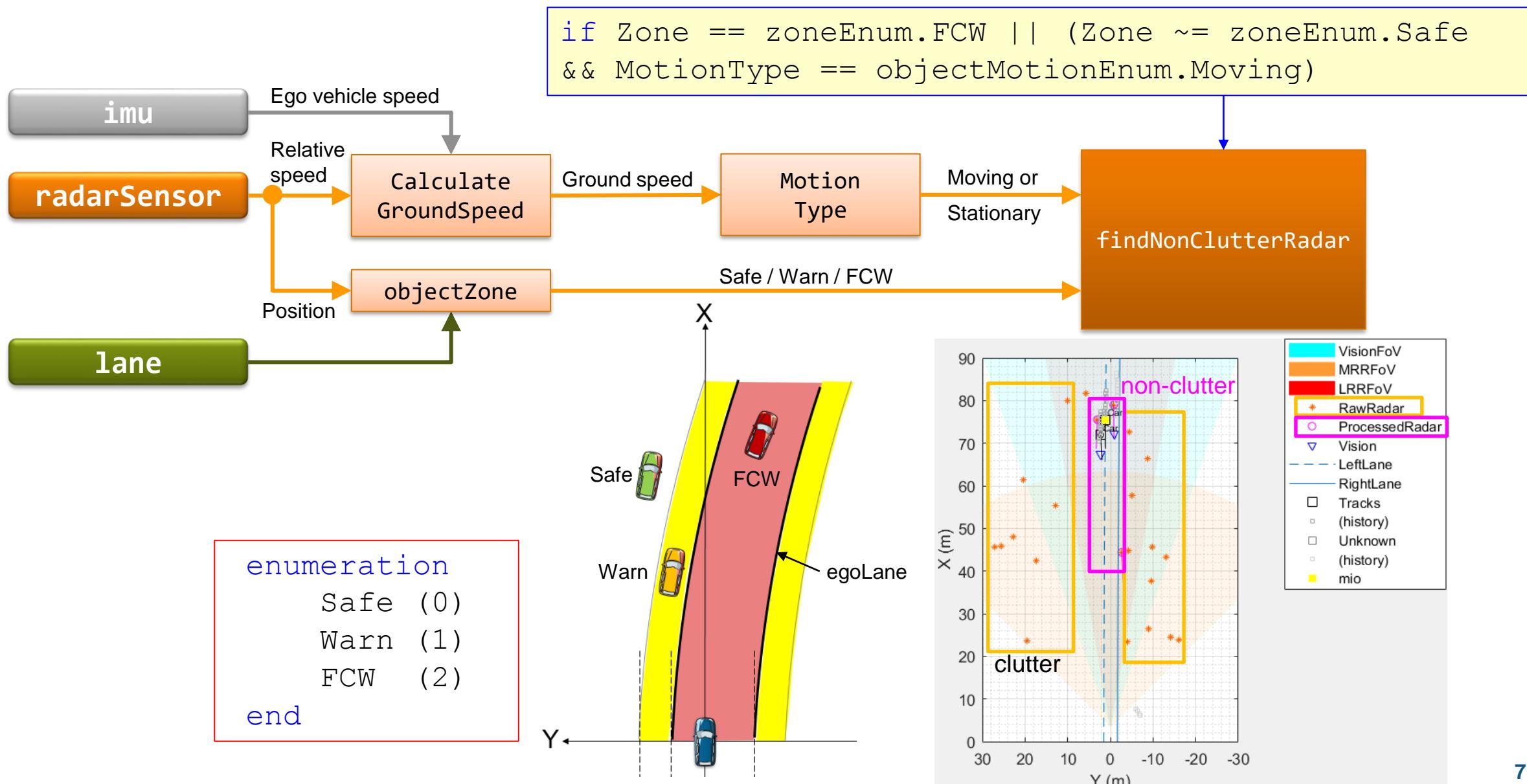
- pcplayer
- pointCloud
- findPointsInROI
- findNeighborsInRadius
- select
- pcdenoise/pcdownsample
- pcfitplane



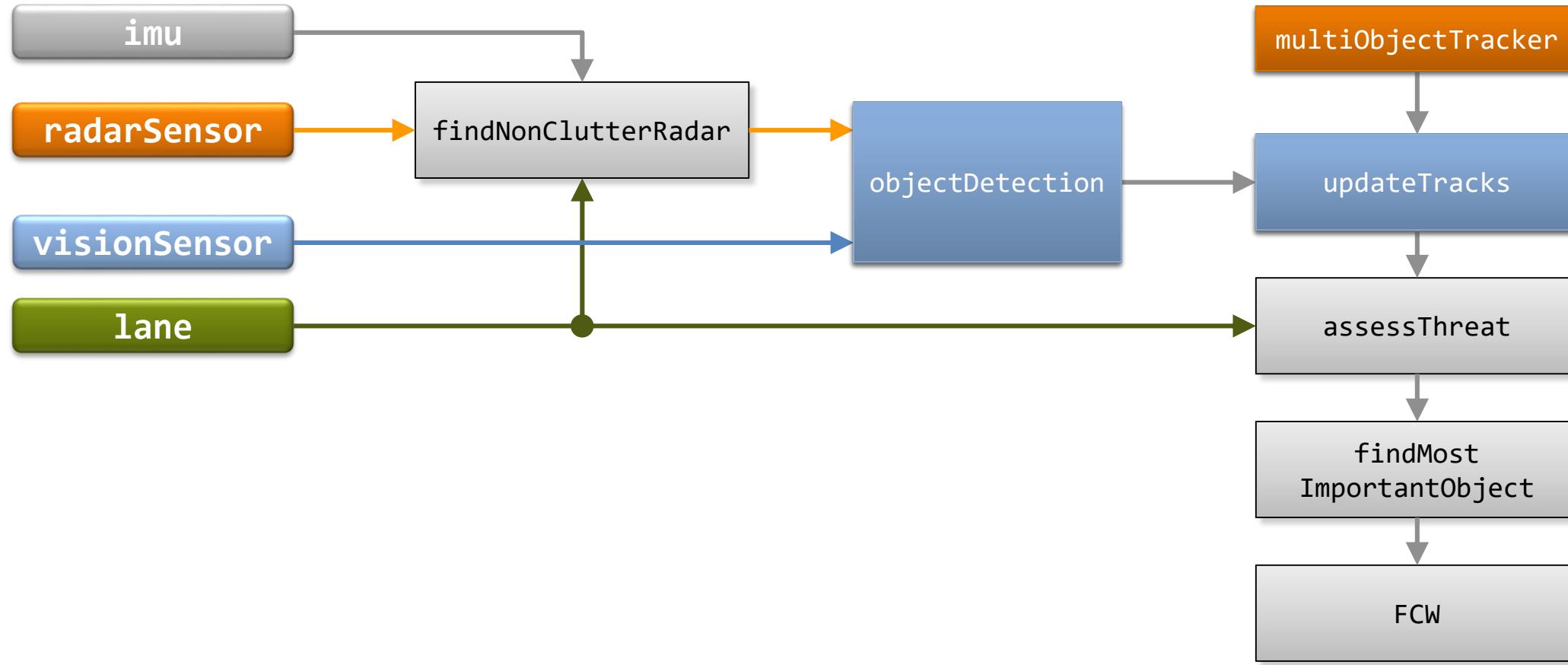
# Baseline sensor fusion algorithm



# findNonClutterRadar

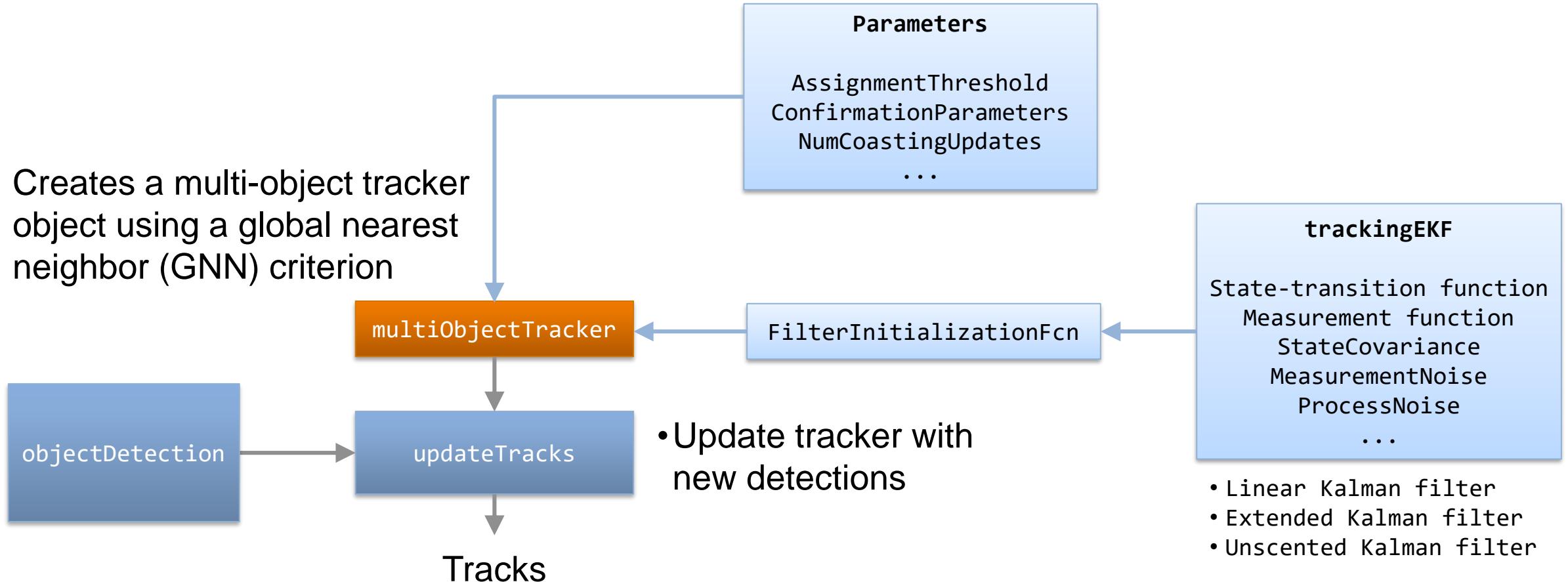


# Forward Collision Warning using Sensor Fusion



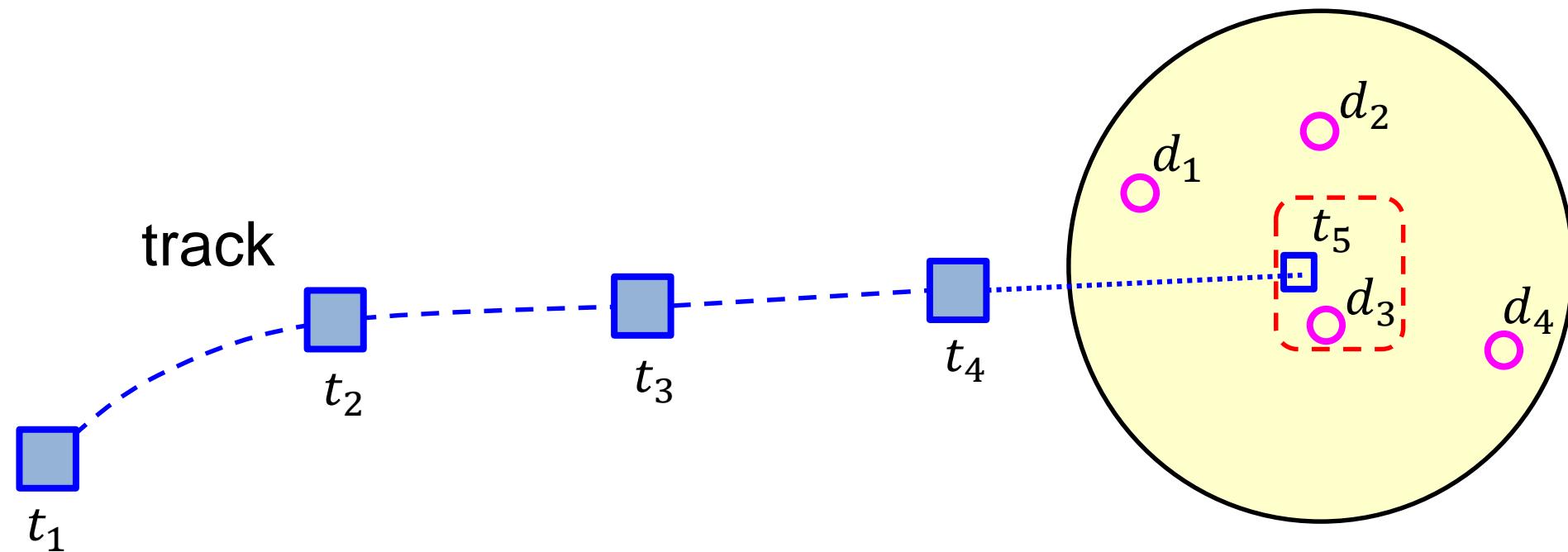
# Multi-Object Tracker

- Creates a multi-object tracker object using a global nearest neighbor (GNN) criterion



# Global Nearest Neighbor (GNN)

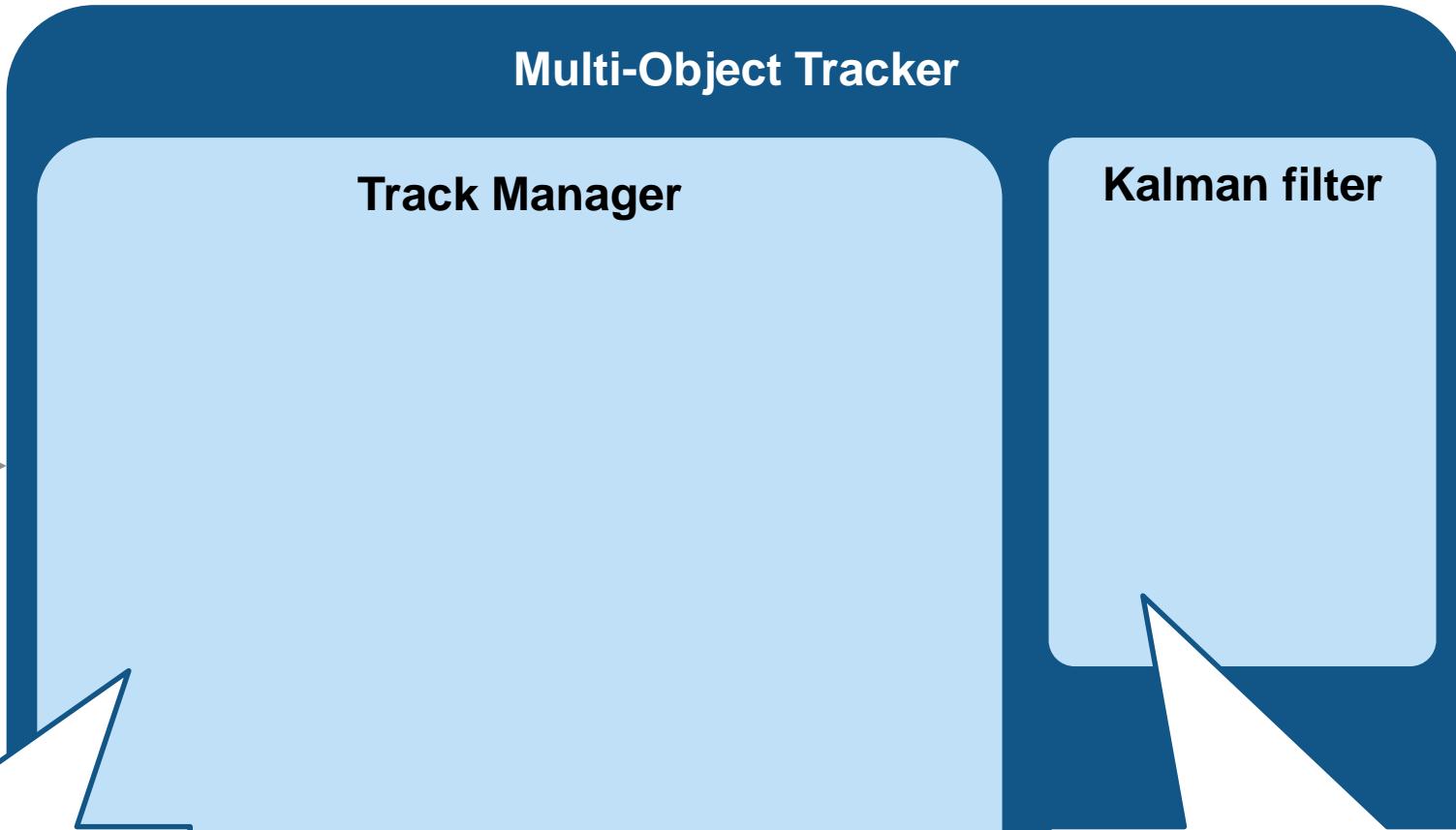
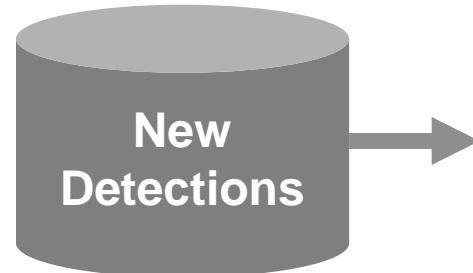
- Evaluate each detection in predicted track region and find “best” one to associate with the track based on Mahalanobis distance and `assignDetectionsToTracks`<sup>1)</sup>



1) James Munkres's variant of the Hungarian assignment algorithm

# Multi-Object Tracker

Time  
Measurement  
MeasurementNoise  
SensorIndex  
MeasurementParameters  
ObjectClassID  
ObjectAttributes



TrackID  
Time  
Age  
State  
StateCovariance  
IsConfirmed  
IsCoasted  
ObjectClassID  
ObjectAttributes



- Assigns detections to tracks
- Creates new tracks
- Updates existing tracks
- Removes old tracks

- Predicts and updates state of track
- Supports linear, extended, and unscented Kalman filters

# Multi-Object Tracker

Time

Measurement

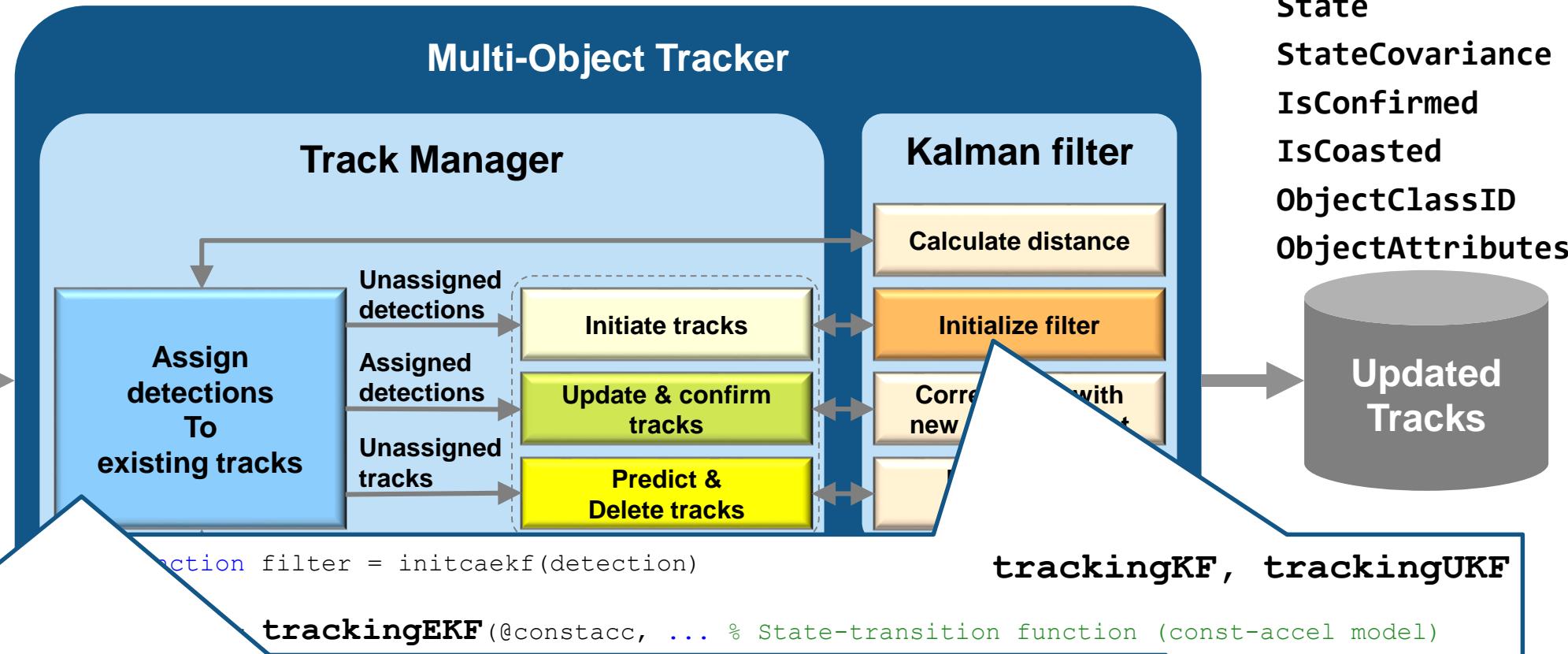
MeasurementNoise

SensorIndex

MeasurementParameters

ObjectClassID

ObjectAttributes



```
tracker = multiObjectTracker(...  

    'FilterInitializationFcn', @initcaekf, ... % Handle to tracking Kalman filter  

    'AssignmentThreshold', 35, ... % Normalized distance from track for assignment  

    'ConfirmationParameters', [2 3], ... % Confirmation parameters for track creation  

    'NumCoastingUpdates', 5); % Coasting threshold for track deletion
```

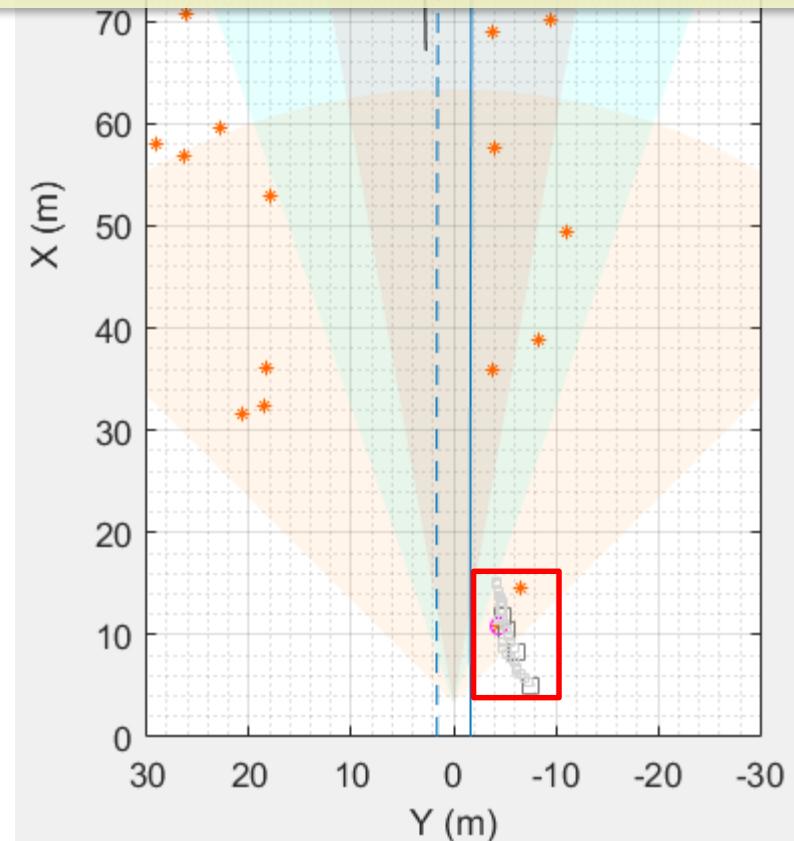
measurement noise covariance  
function Jacobian  
function  
ce

TrackID  
Time  
Age  
State  
StateCovariance  
IsConfirmed  
IsCoasted  
ObjectClassID  
ObjectAttributes

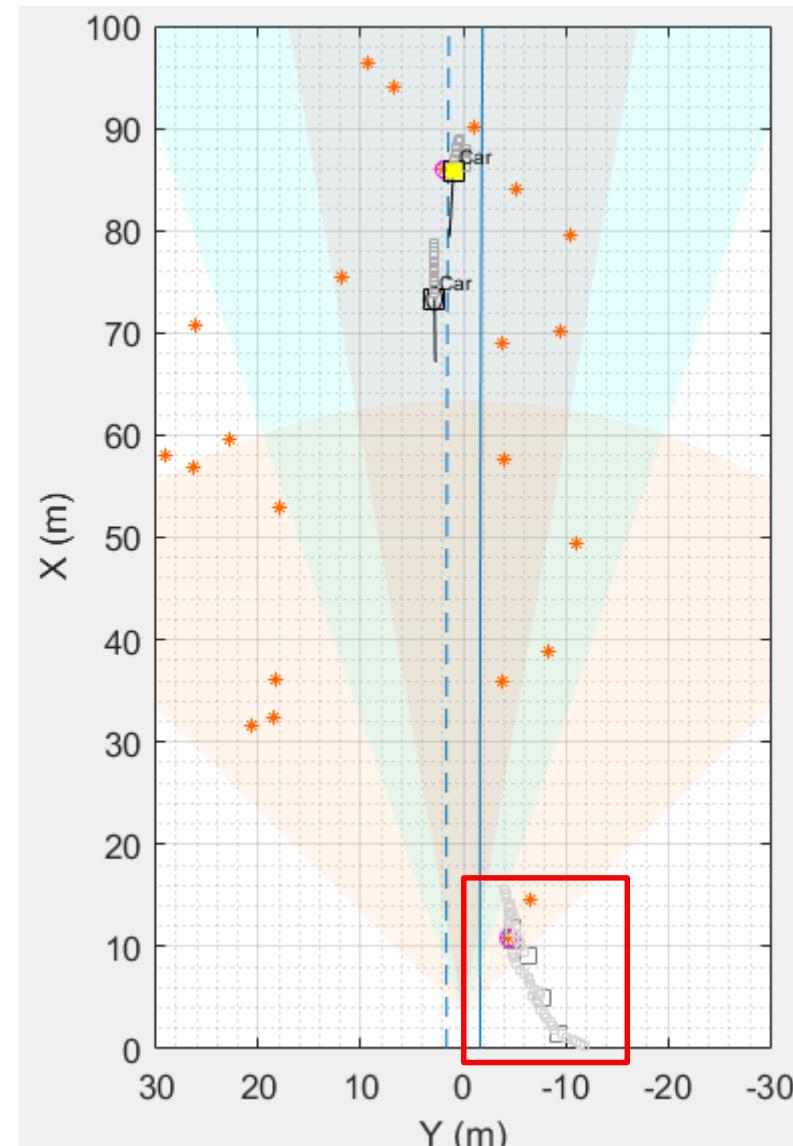
# NumCoastingUpdates

## Coasting threshold for track deletion.

- A track **coasts** when no detections are assigned to the track after one or more predict steps.
- If the number of coasting steps exceeds this threshold, **the track is deleted**.



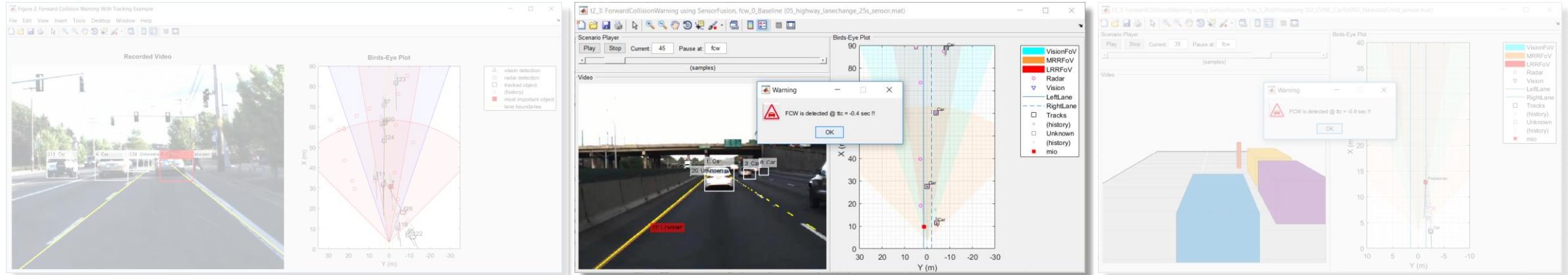
'NumCoastingUpdates', 5



'NumCoastingUpdates', 20

# Automated Driving System Toolbox R2017a

## Case study: Vision and radar-based sensor fusion



### Explore a baseline sensor fusion algorithm

- Read logged vehicle data
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- Implement forward collision warning

### Test the algorithm with new data set

- Test the baseline algorithm with new data set
- Tune algorithm parameters
- Customize the algorithm

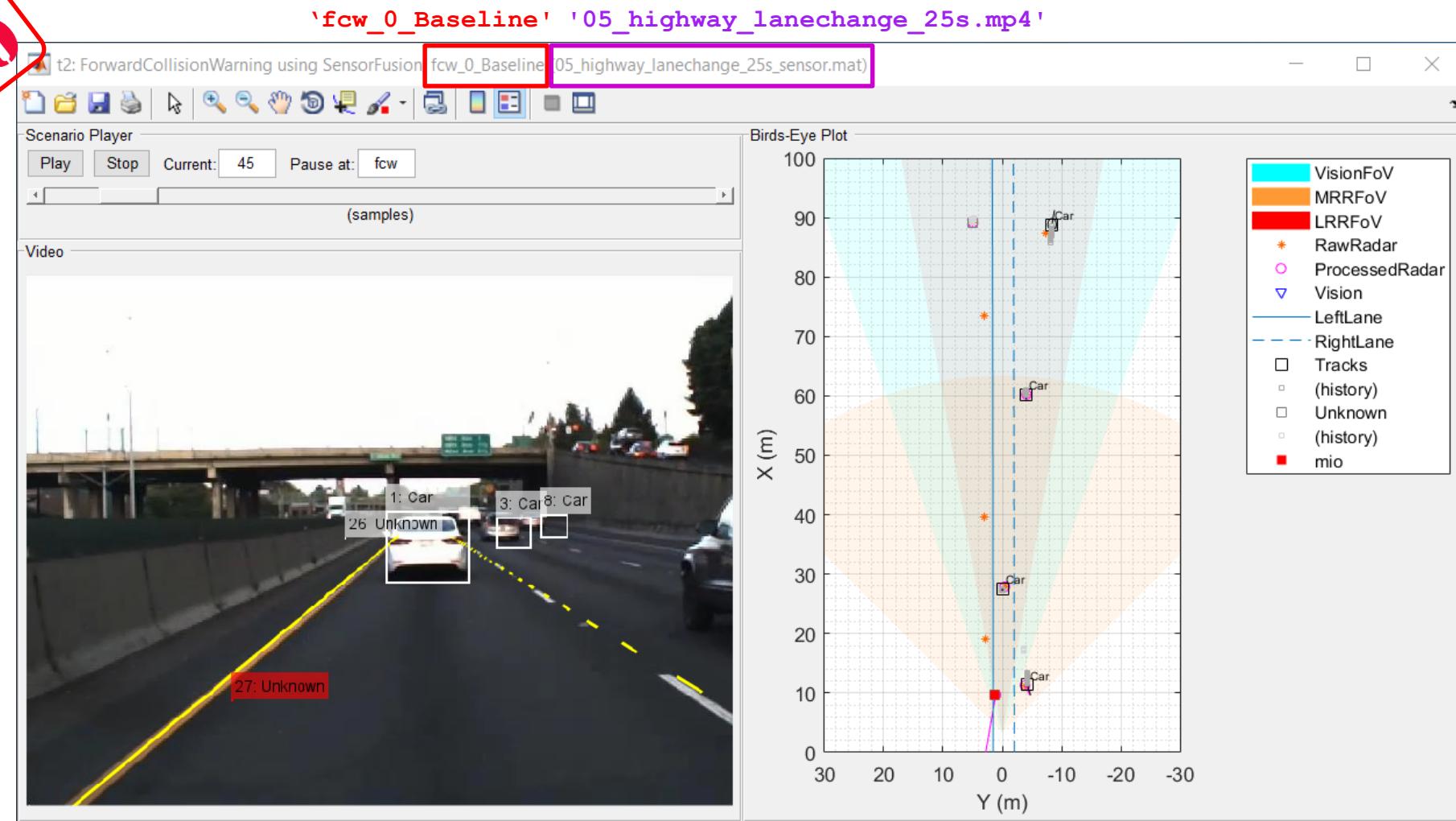
### Synthesize data to further test the algorithm

- Create driving scenario
- Add sensor detections
- Generate synthetic data
- Test the algorithm
- Generate C code

# *Test the baseline algorithm for new data set*

t2\_fcwSensorFusion.m

**DEMO**



## Pop Quiz

# What causes the false positive?

A: radar ghost detection

B: radar clutter

C: inaccurate tracking

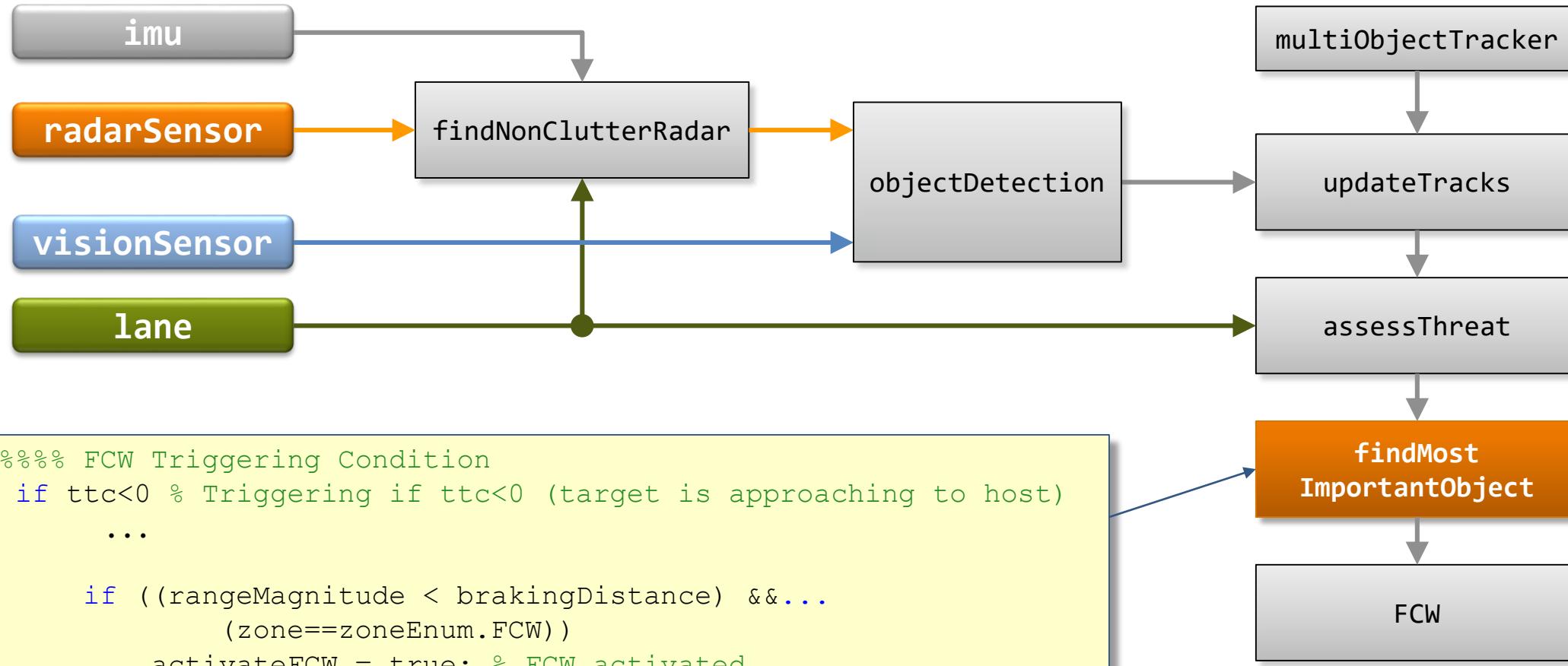
D: too sensitive warning

E: program bug

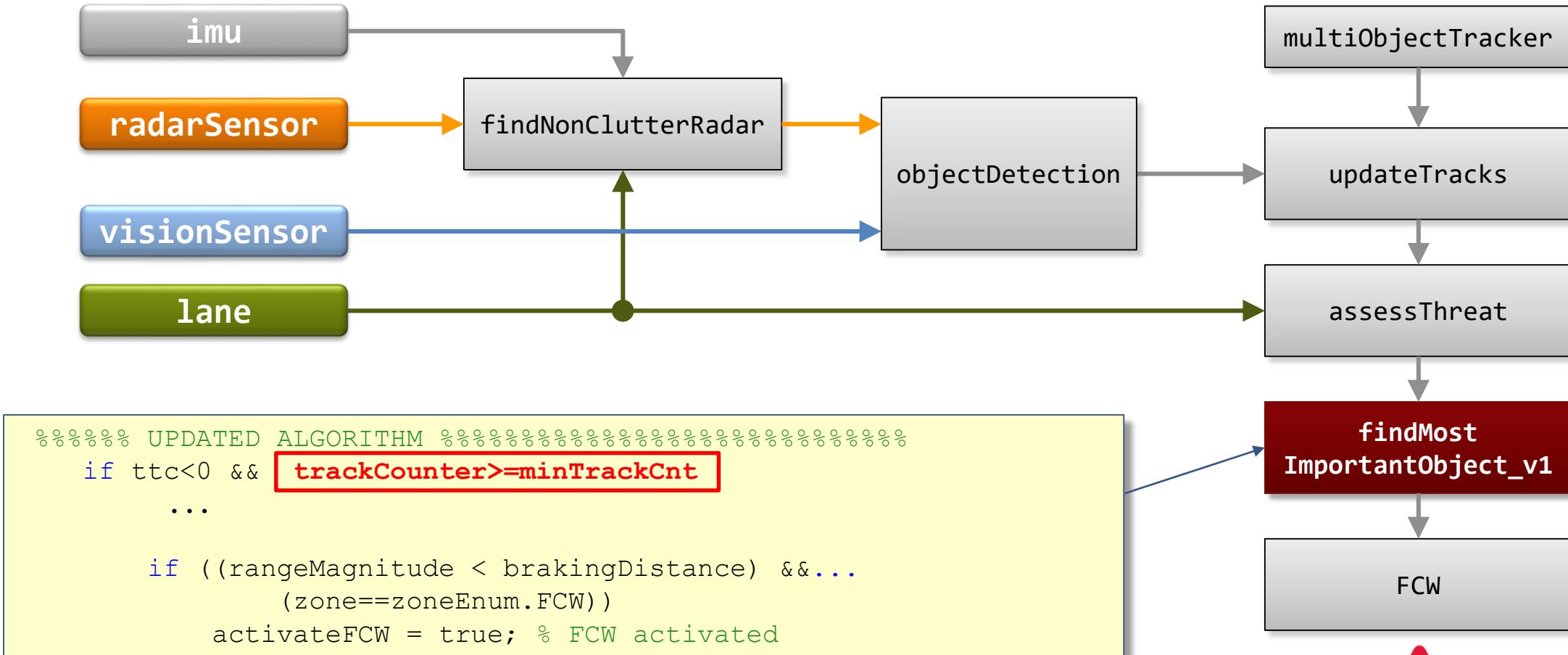
False Positive

# Baseline sensor fusion algorithm (*fcw\_0\_Baseline*)

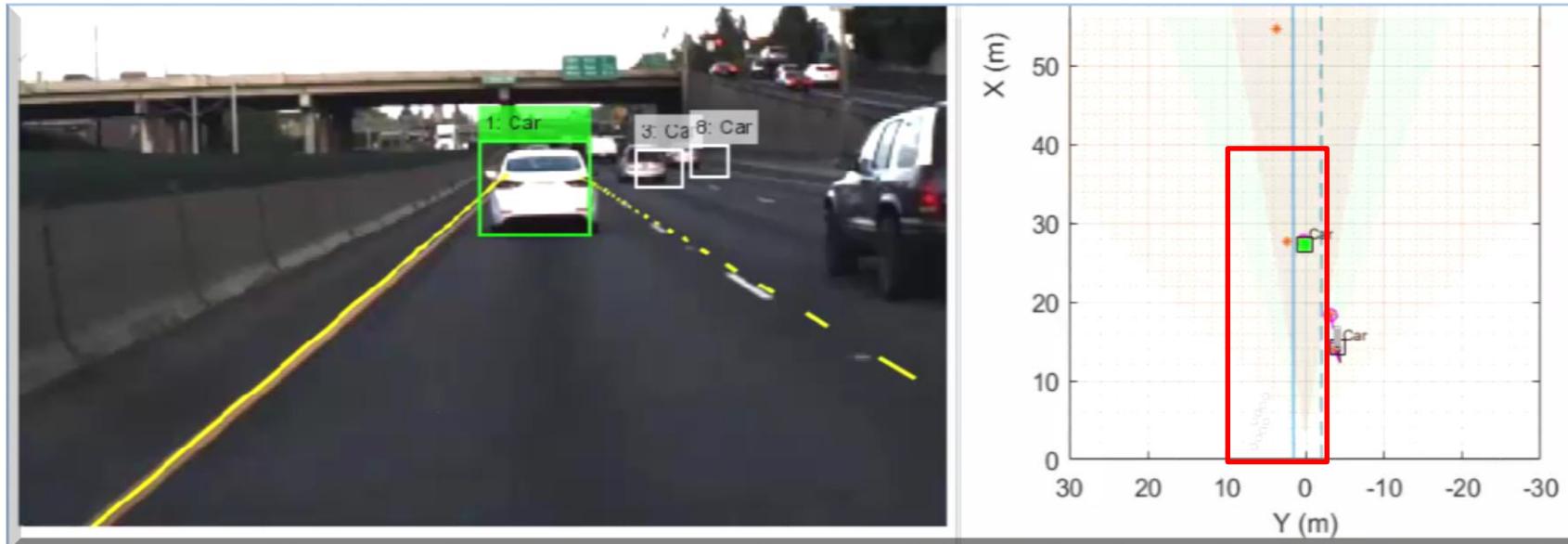
D: too sensitive warning



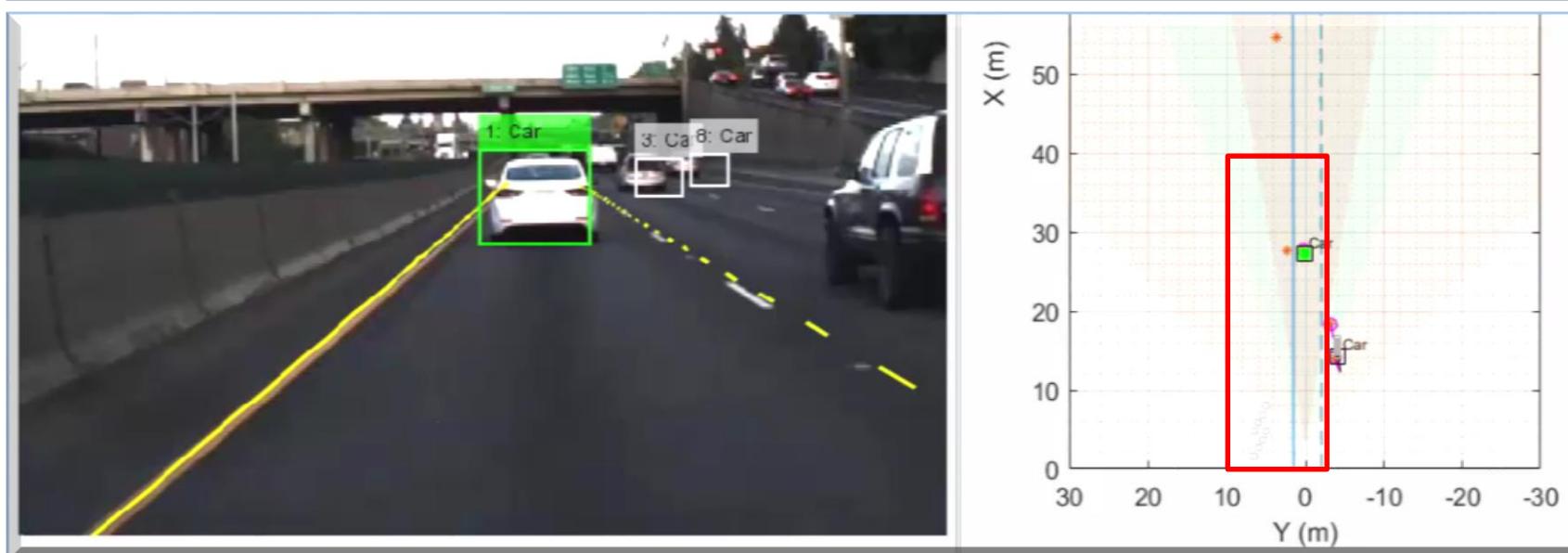
# Modified algorithm (*fcw\_1\_PostProcessing*)



## *fcw\_0\_Baseline* vs. *fcw\_1\_PostProcessing*



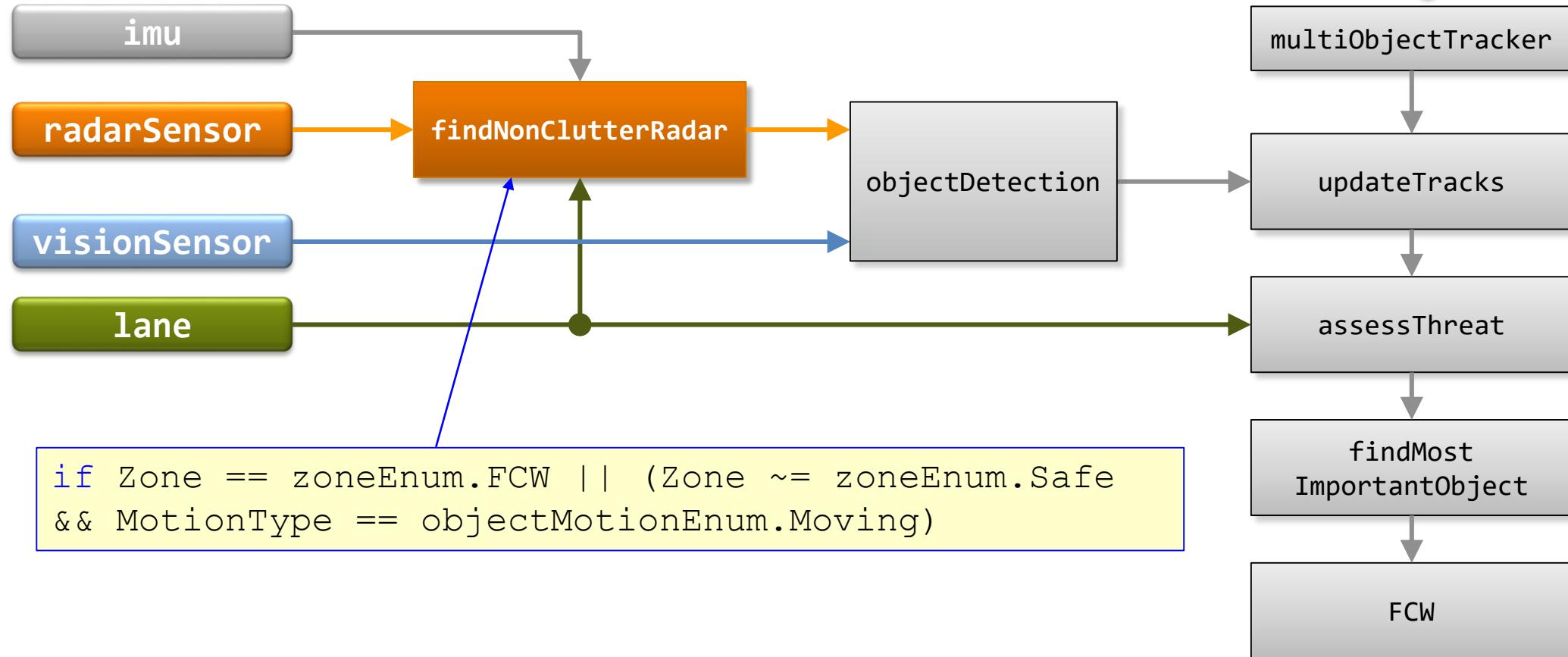
*fcw\_0\_Baseline*



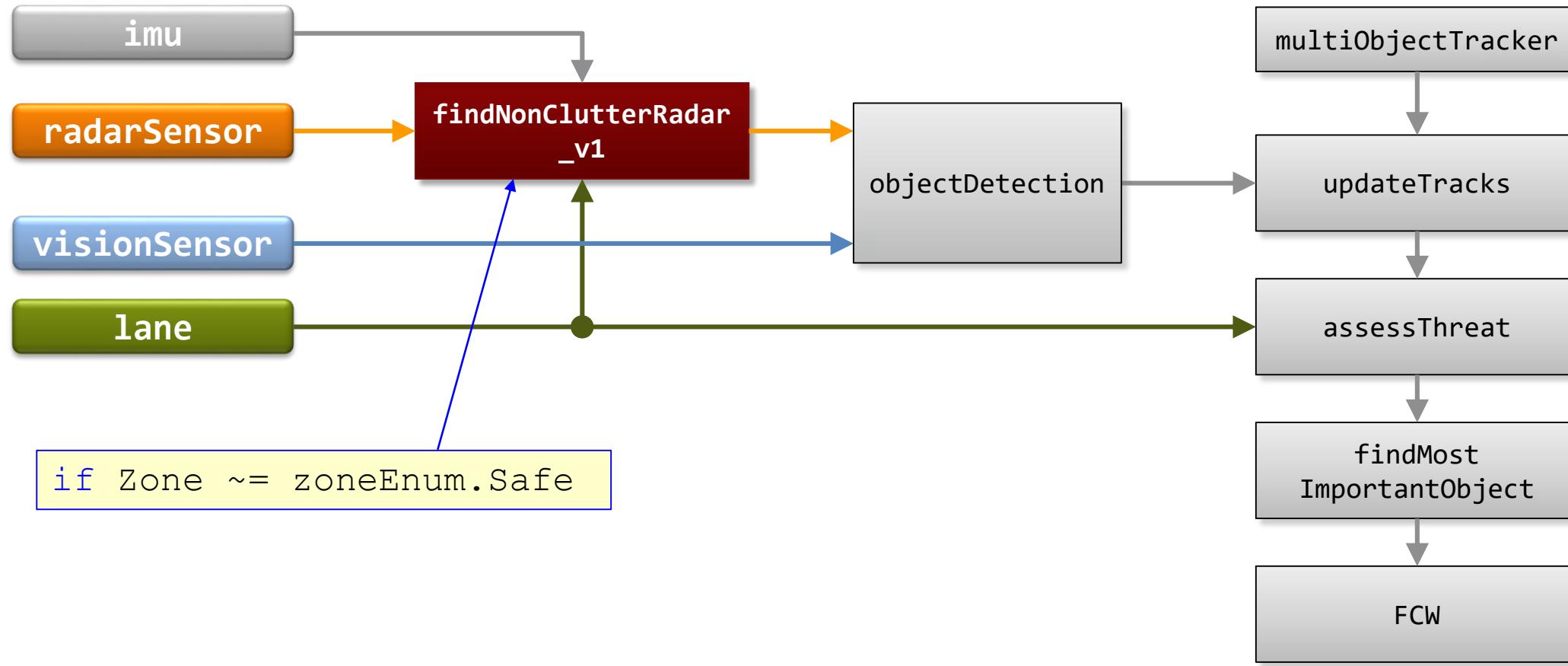
*fcw\_1\_PostProcessing*

# Baseline sensor fusion algorithm (*fcw\_0\_Baseline*)

B: radar clutter  
C: inaccurate tracking



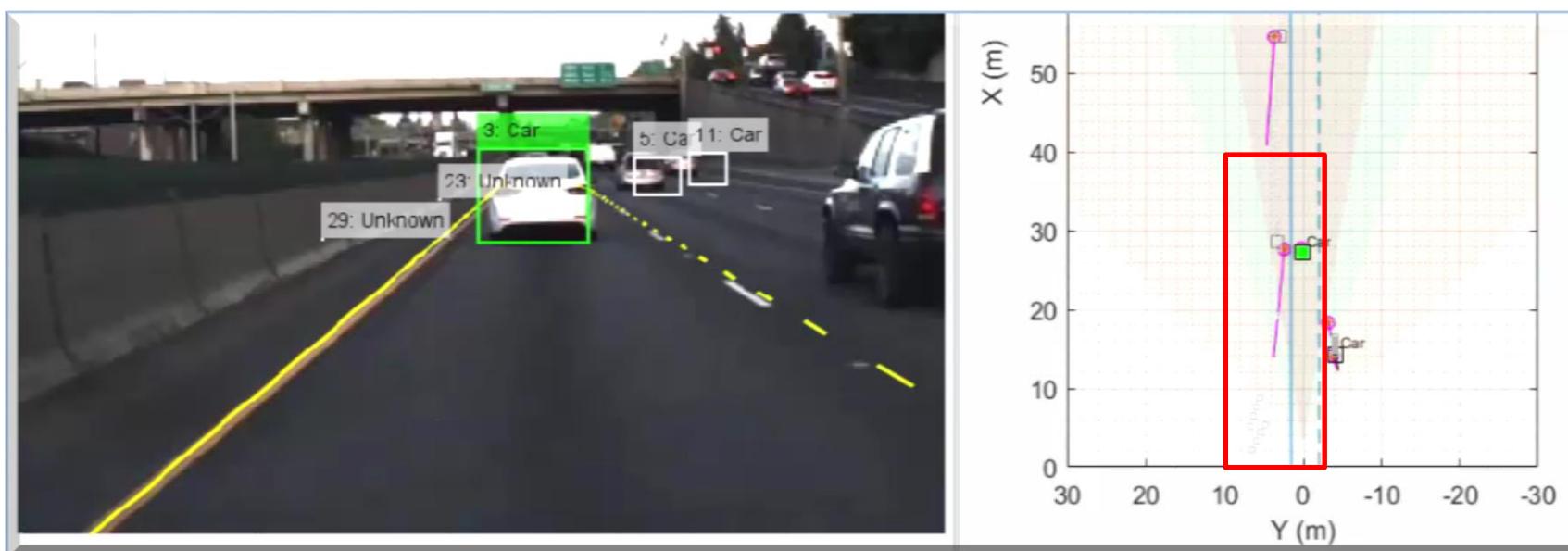
## Modified algorithm (*fcw\_2\_PreProcessing*)



## *fcw\_0\_Baseline* vs. *fcw\_2\_PreProcessing*



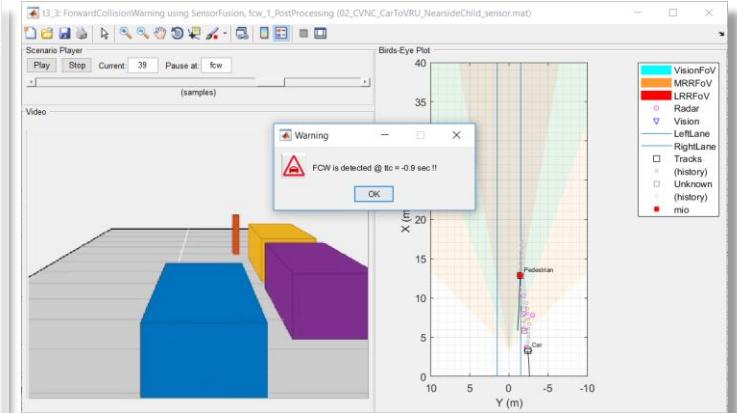
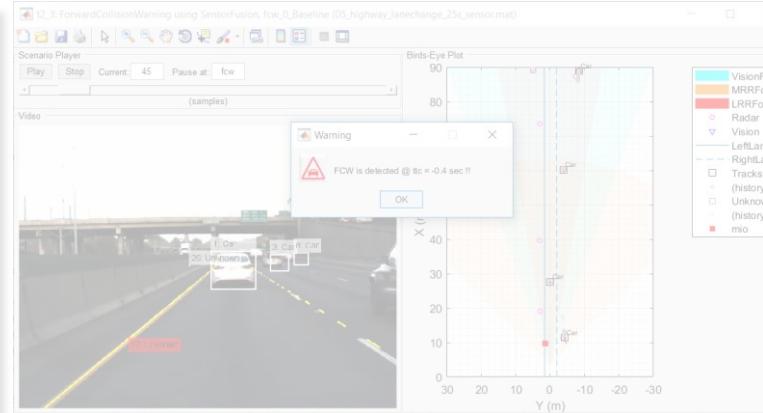
*fcw\_0\_Baseline*



*fcw\_2\_PreProcessing*

# Automated Driving System Toolbox R2017a

## *Case study: Vision and radar-based sensor fusion*



### *Explore a baseline sensor fusion algorithm*

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- Implement forward collision warning

### *Test the algorithm with new data set*

- Test the baseline algorithm with new data set
- Tune algorithm parameters
- Customize the algorithm

### *Synthesize data to further test the algorithm*

- Create driving scenario
- Add sensor detections
- Generate synthetic data
- Test the algorithm

# Euro NCAP TEST PROTOCOL – AEB VRU systems

## Car-to-VRU Nearside Child (CVNC)



- a collision in which a vehicle travels forwards towards a child pedestrian crossing it's path running from behind and obstruction from the nearside and the frontal structure of the vehicle strikes the pedestrian at 50% of the vehicle's width when no braking action is applied.

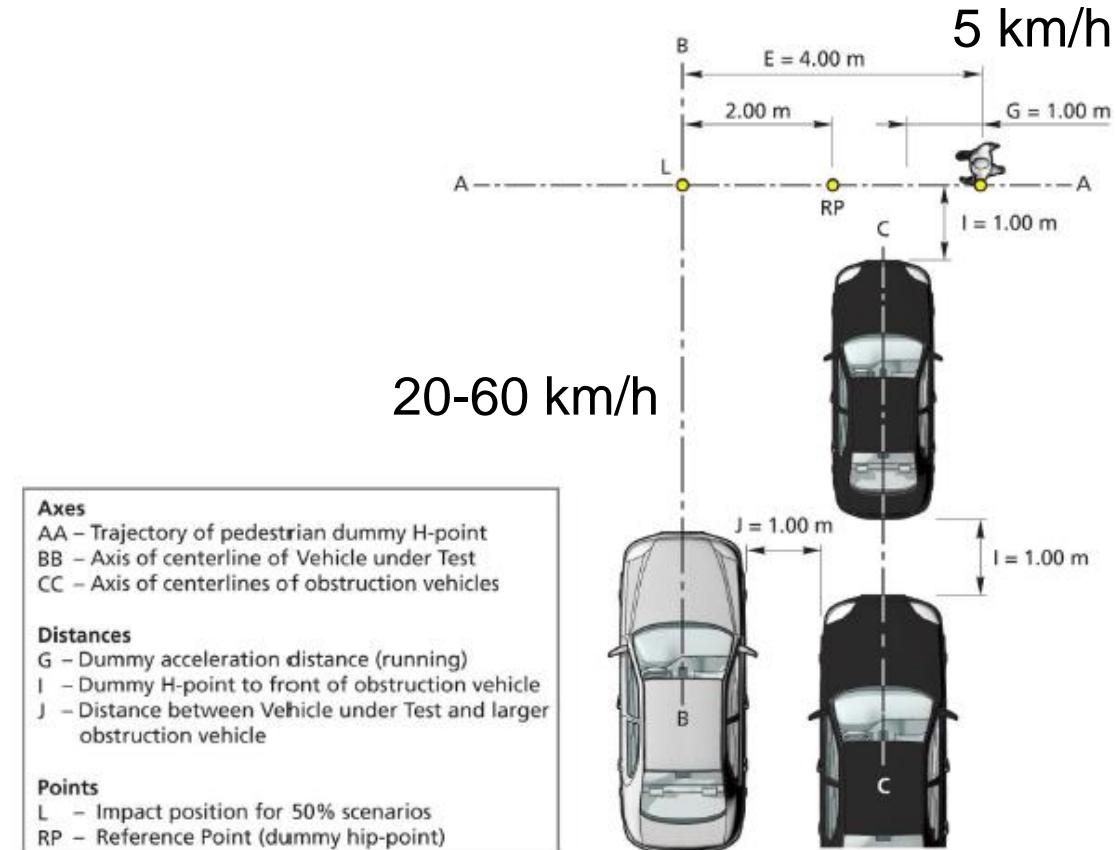
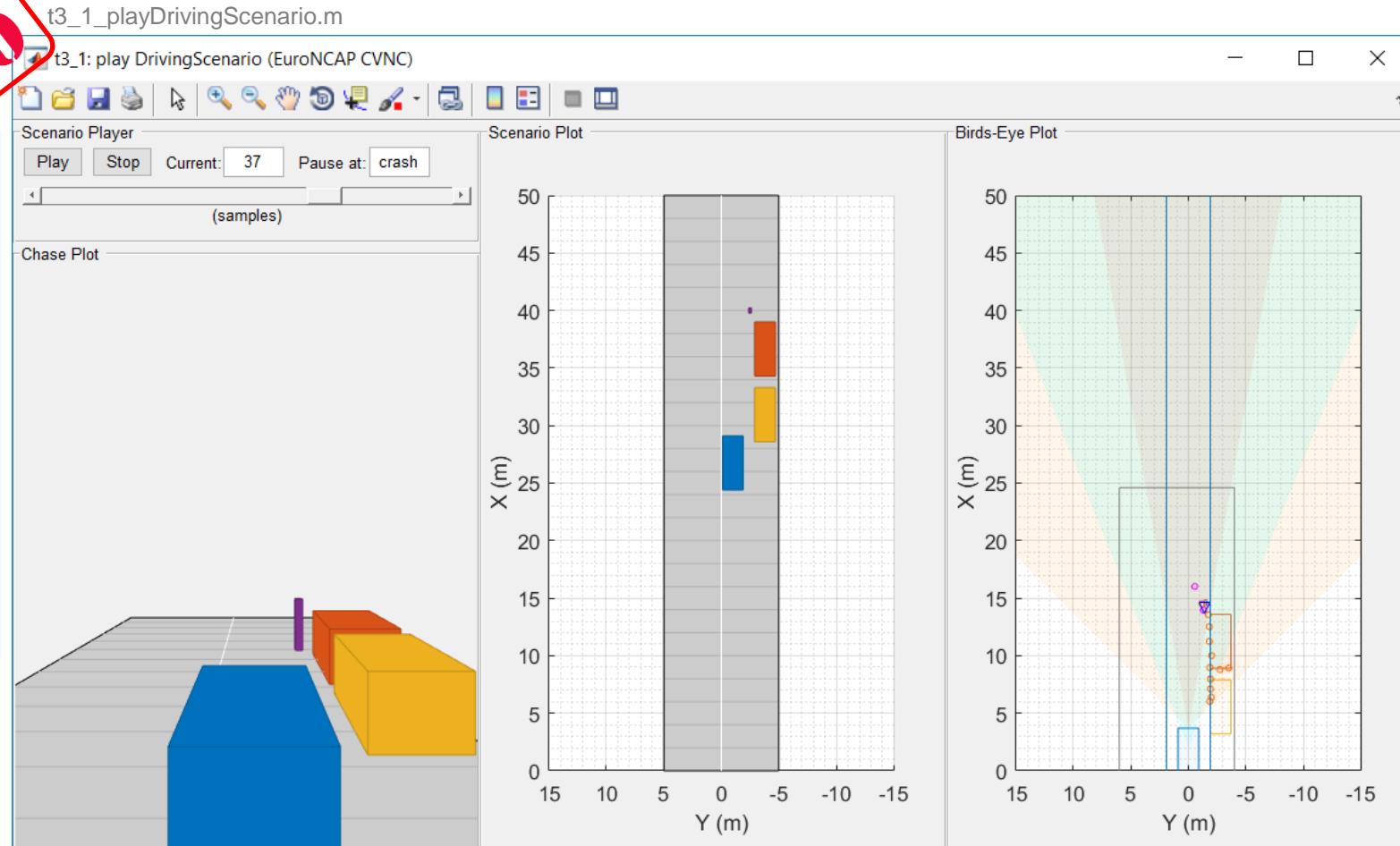
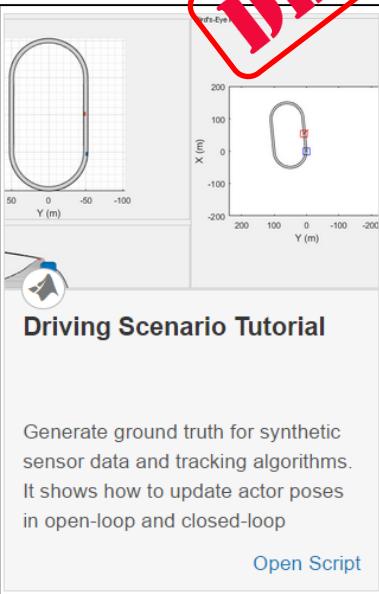


Figure 8c: CVNC scenario, Running Child from Nearside from Obstruction vehicles (see Annex B)

# Create Driving Scenario

**DEMO**

R2017a



## drivingScenario

- chasePlot

Egocentric projective perspective plot

- road
- vehicle
- actor
- path

driving scenario plot

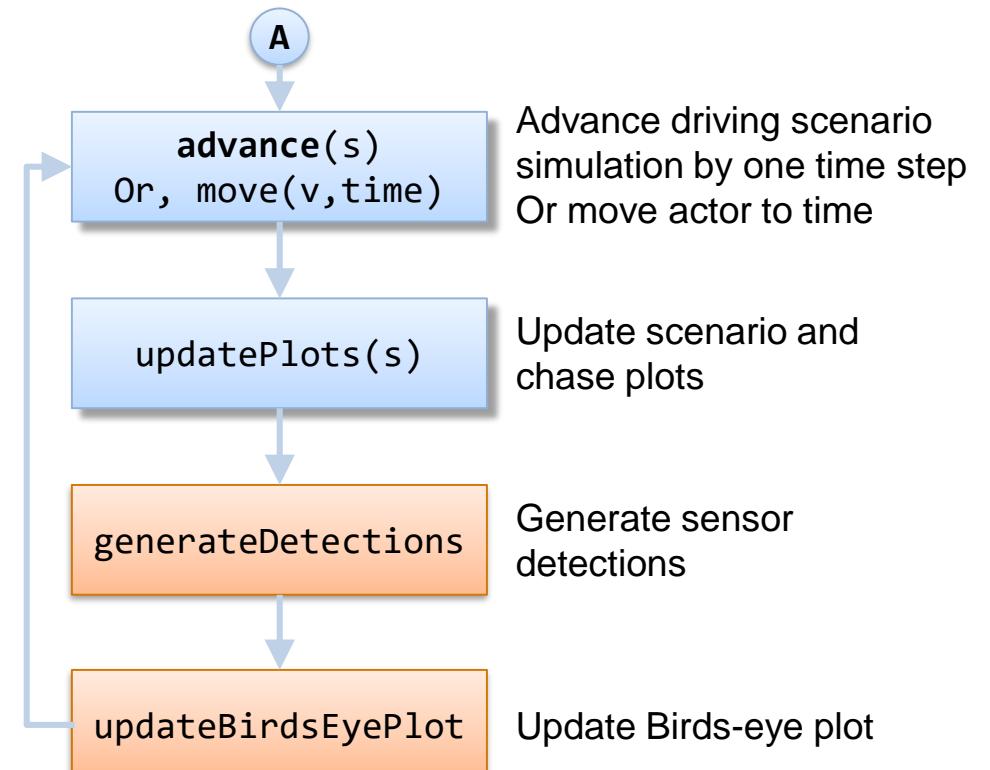
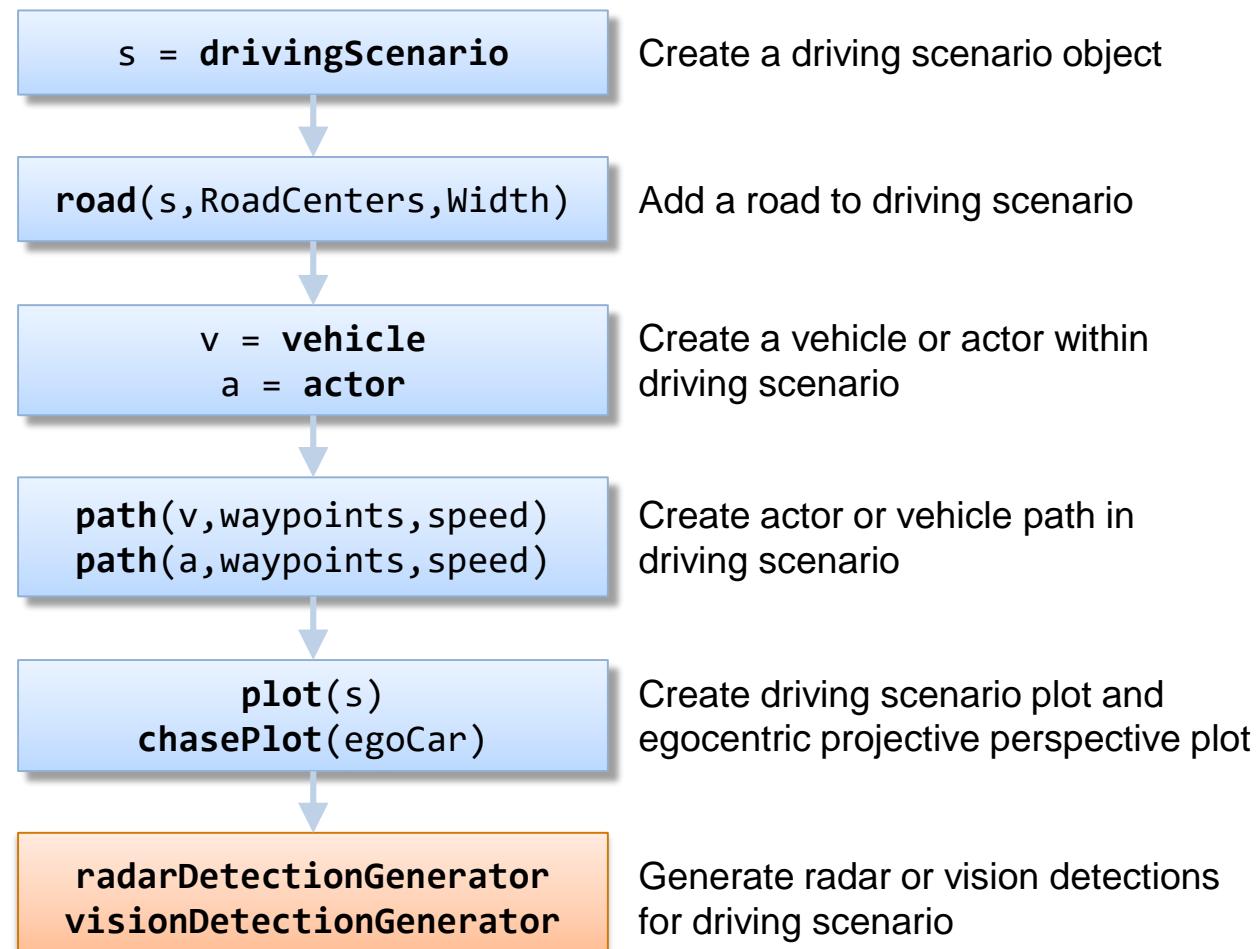
- plot
- radarDetectionGenerator
- visionDetectionGenerator

Generate radar or vision detections for driving scenario

## birdsEyePlot

- coverageAreaPlotter
- plotCoverageArea
- detectionPlotter
- plotDetection
- laneBoundaryPlotter
- plotLaneBoundary
- trackPlotter
- plotTrack

# Workflow for driving scenario



# Sensor model for vision detection



```
visionSensor = visionDetectionGenerator(...  
    'SensorIndex', 3, ... % Unique sensor identifier  
    'UpdateInterval', 0.1, ... % Required interval between sensor updates (sec)  
    'SensorLocation', [2.1,0], ... % Location of sensor center in vehicle coord. [x,y] (meters)  
    'Height', 1.1, ... % Sensor's mounting height from the ground (meters)  
    'Yaw', 0, ... % Yaw angle of sensor mounted on ego vehicle (deg)  
    'Pitch', 0, ... % Pitch angle of sensor mounted on ego vehicle (deg)  
    'Roll', 0, ... % Roll angle of sensor mounted on ego vehicle (deg)  
    'Intrinsics', cameraIntrinsics( ... % Sensor's intrinsic camera parameters  
        [800,800], ... % [fx, fy] in pixels  
        [320,240], ... % [cx, cy] in pixels  
        [480,640]), ... % [ numRows, numColumns] in pixels  
    'MaxRange', 150, ... % Maximum detection range (meters)  
    'MaxSpeed', 50, ... % Maximum detectable object speed (m/s)  
    'MaxAllowedOcclusion', 0.5, ... % Maximum allowed occlusion [0 1]  
    'DetectionProbability', 0.9, ... % Probability of detecting a target (fraction)  
    'FalsePositivesPerImage', 0.1); % Number of false positives per image (fraction)
```

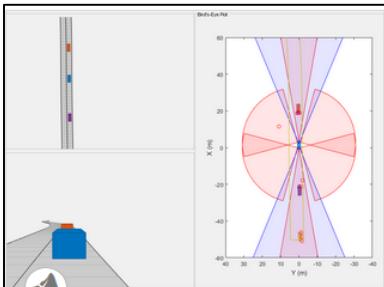
# Sensor model for radar detection



```
radarSensor = radarDetectionGenerator(...  
    'SensorIndex', 1, ... % Unique sensor identifier  
    'UpdateInterval', 0.05, ... % Required interval between sensor updates (sec)  
    'SensorLocation', [3.7,0], ... % Location of sensor center in vehicle coord. [x,y] in meters  
    'Height', 0.2, ... % Sensor's mounting height from the ground (meters)  
    'Yaw', 0, ... % Yaw angle of sensor mounted on ego vehicle (deg)  
    'Pitch', 0, ... % Pitch angle of sensor mounted on ego vehicle (deg)  
    'Roll', 0, ... % Roll angle of sensor mounted on ego vehicle (deg)  
    'FieldOfView', [90,4.5], ... % Total angular field of view for radar [az el] in deg  
    'MaxRange', 60, ... % Maximum detection range (meters)  
    'RangeRateLimits', [-100,40], ... % Minimum and maximum range rates [min,max] in m/s  
    'DetectionProbability', 0.9, ... % Detection probability  
    'FalseAlarmRate', 1e-6, ... % Rate at which false alarms are reported  
    'AzimuthResolution', 12, ... % Azimuthal resolution of radar (deg)  
    'RangeResolution', 1.25, ... % Range resolution of radar (meters)  
    'RangeRateResolution', 0.5, ... % Range rate resolution of radar (m/s)  
    'RangeBiasFraction', 0.05); % Fractional range bias component of radar
```

# Generate Synthetic Data from Driving Scenario

R2017a



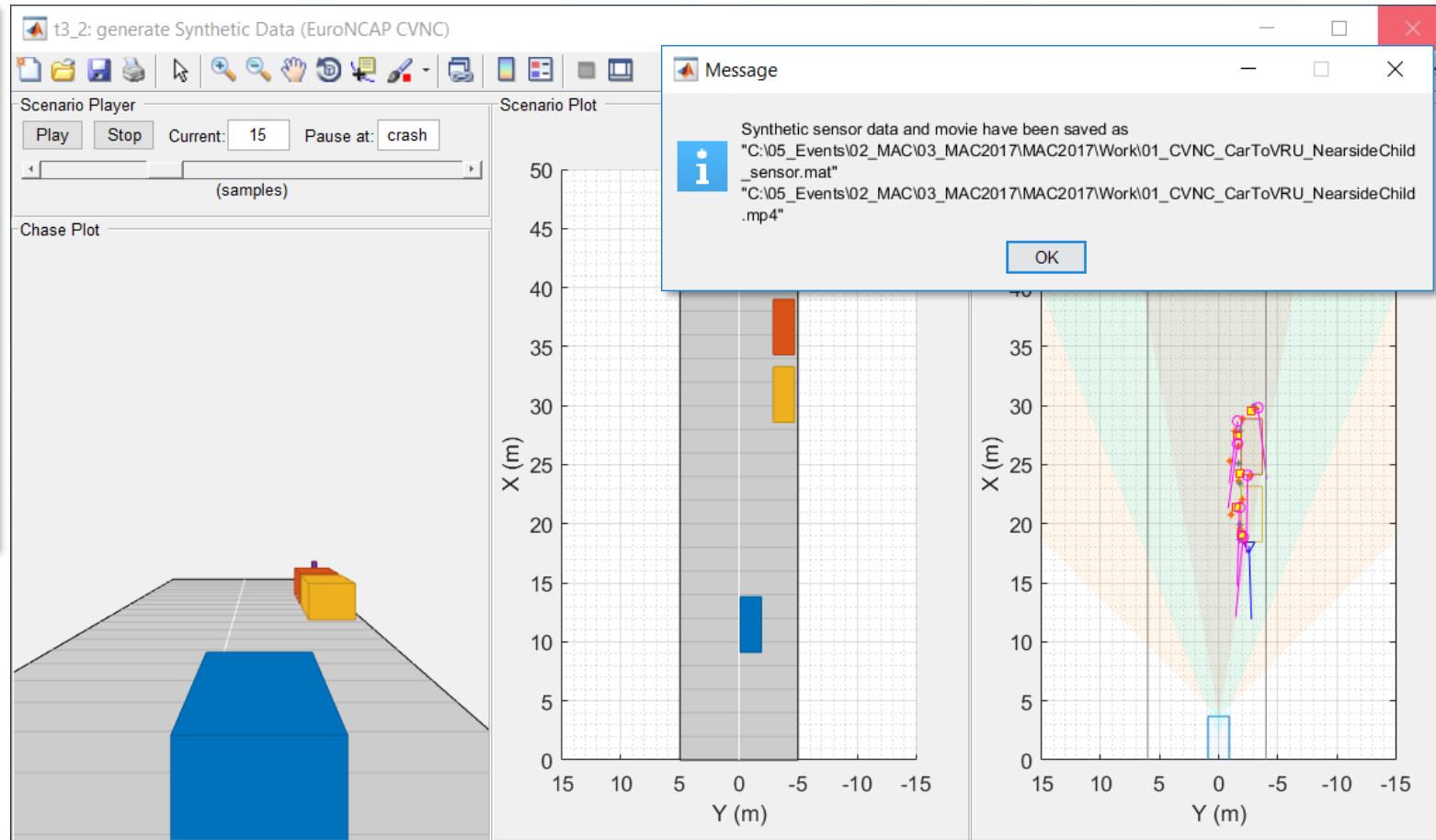
## Sensor Fusion Using Synthetic Radar and Vision Data

Generate a scenario, simulate sensor detections, and use sensor fusion to track simulated vehicles. The main benefit of using scenario

[Open Script](#)

## drivingScenario

- road
- vehicle
- actor
- actorProfiles
- path
- plot
- chasePlot
- radarDetectionGenerator
- visionDetectionGenerator



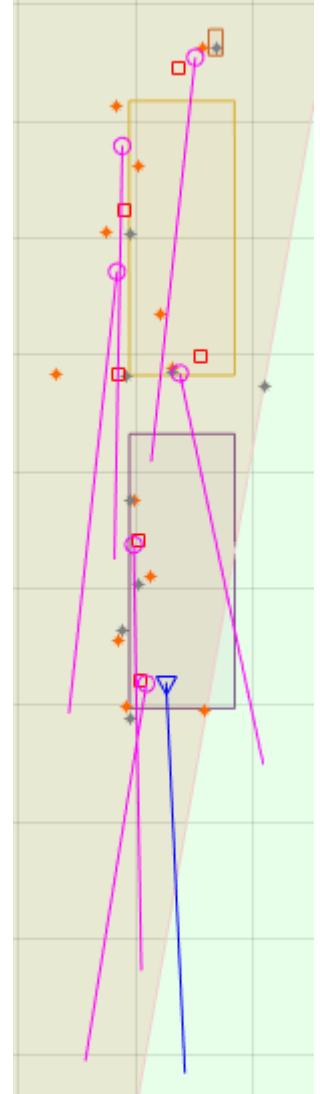
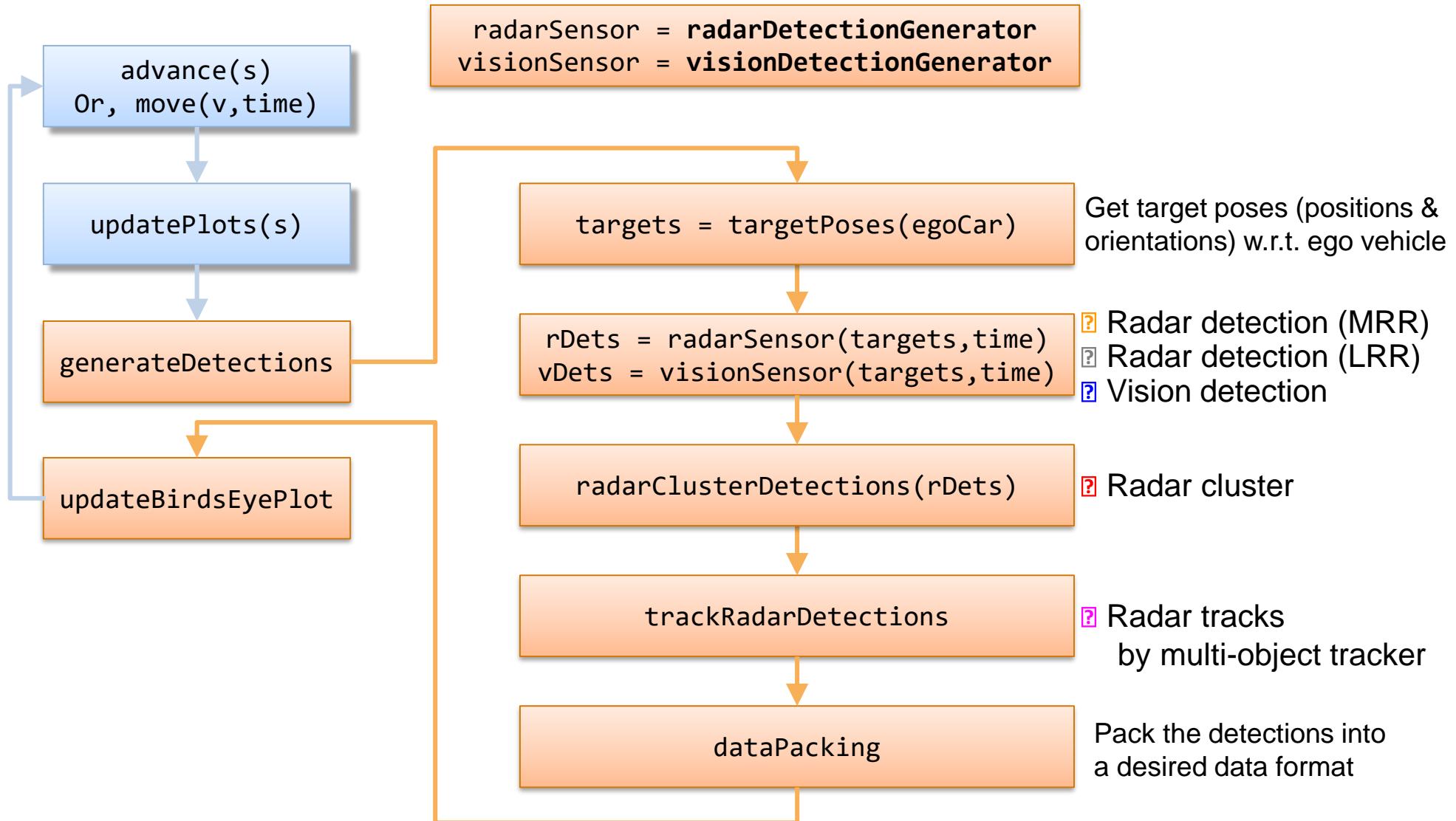
## generateSynthetic

- radarClusterDetection
- trackRadarDetections
- dataPacking

## birdsEyePlot

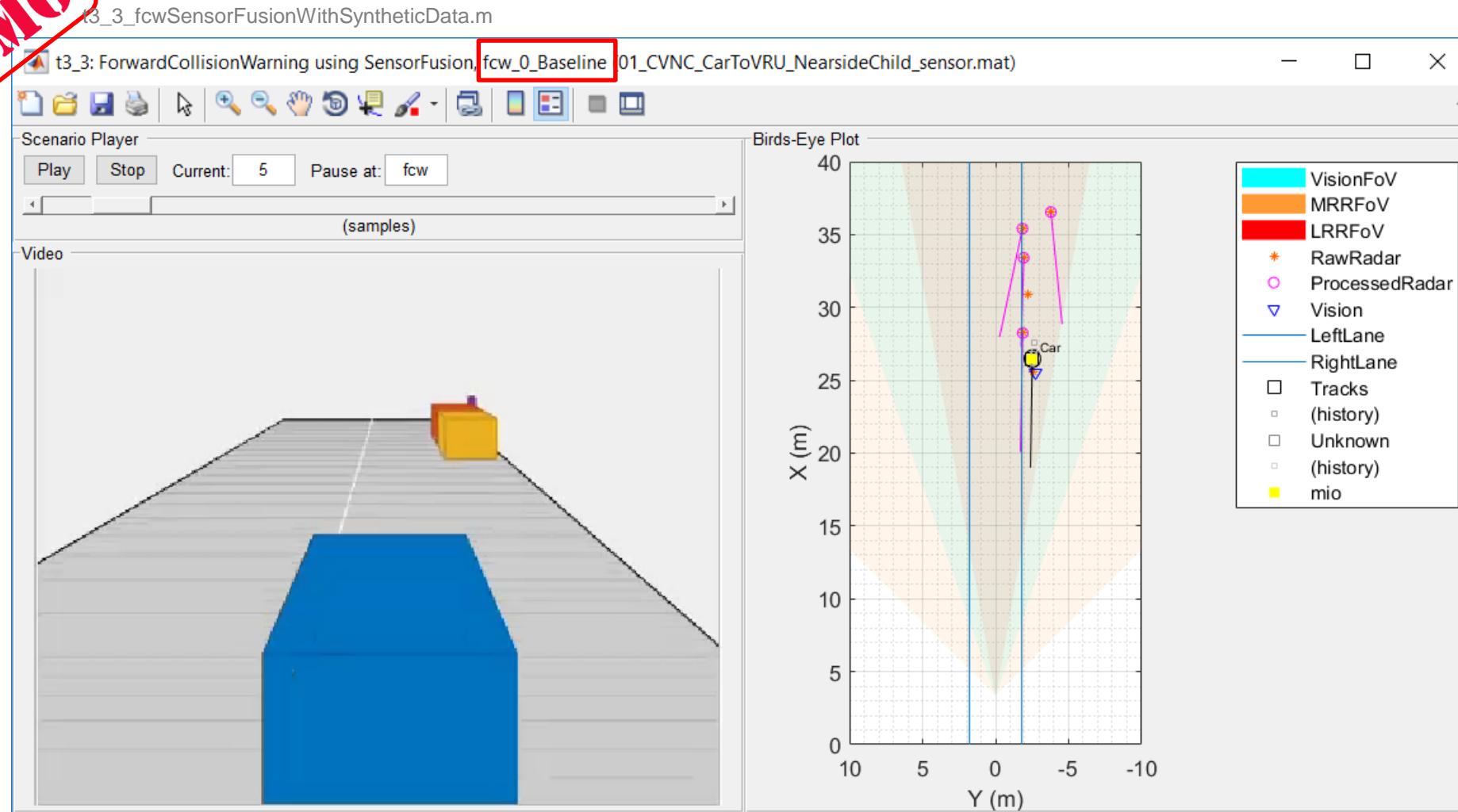
- coverageAreaPlotter
- plotCoverageArea
- detectionPlotter
- plotDetection
- laneBoundaryPlotter
- plotLaneBoundary
- trackPlotter
- plotTrack

# Generate Synthetic Data from Driving Scenario



# Sensor Fusion with Synthetic Data (*baseline algorithm*)

**DEMO**



# Pop Quiz

## What causes the false positive?

A: no fusion  
(radar only track)

B: radar clutter

C: inaccurate tracking

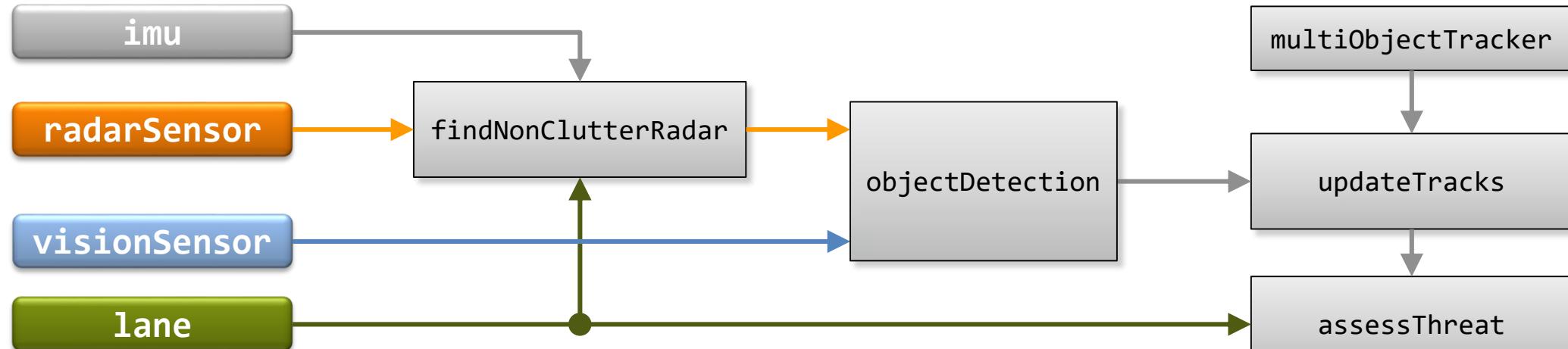
D: too sensitive warning

E: program bug

False Alarm by radar track

# Baseline sensor fusion algorithm (*fcw\_0\_Baseline*)

A: no fusion  
(radar only track)

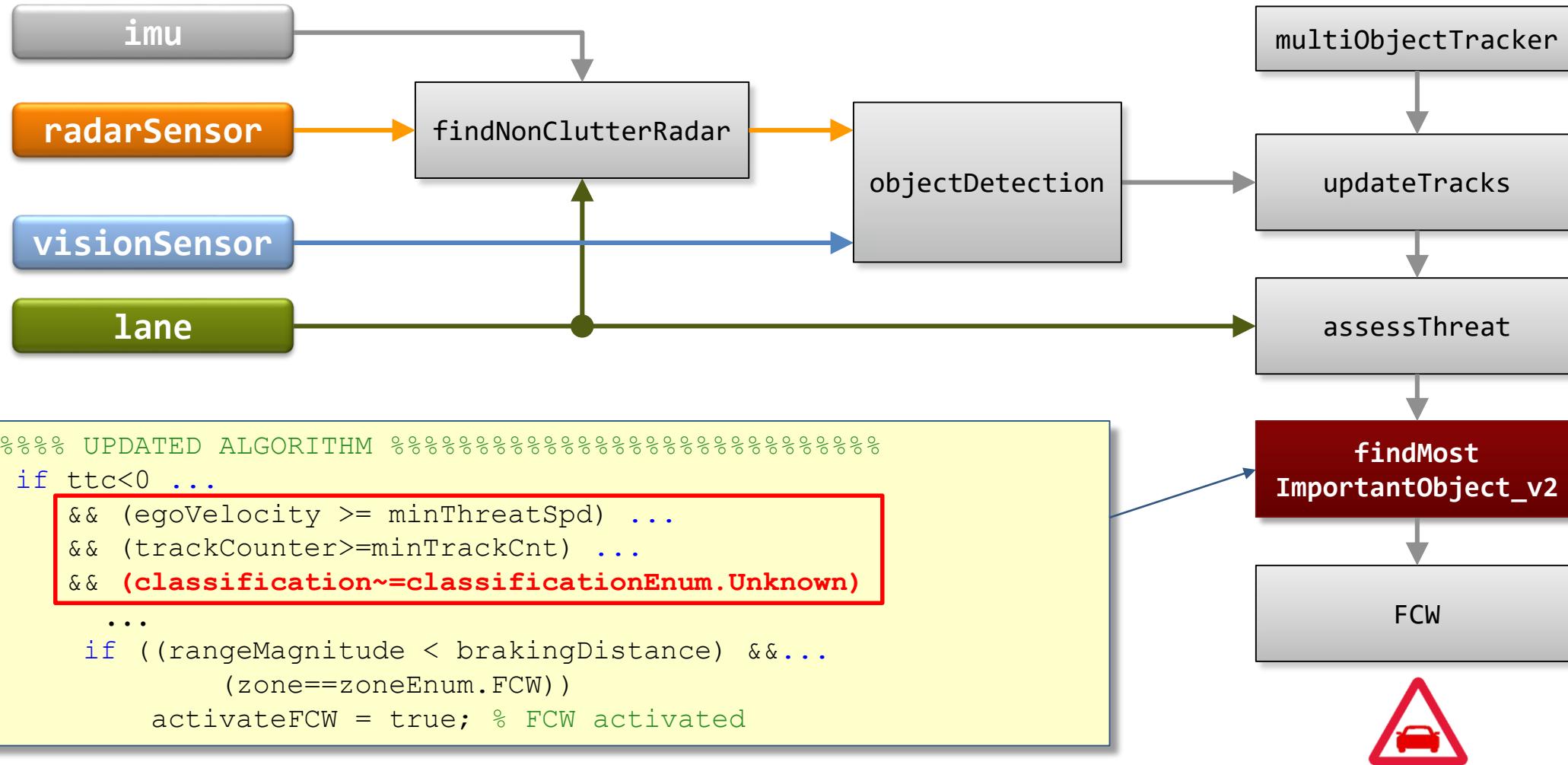


```

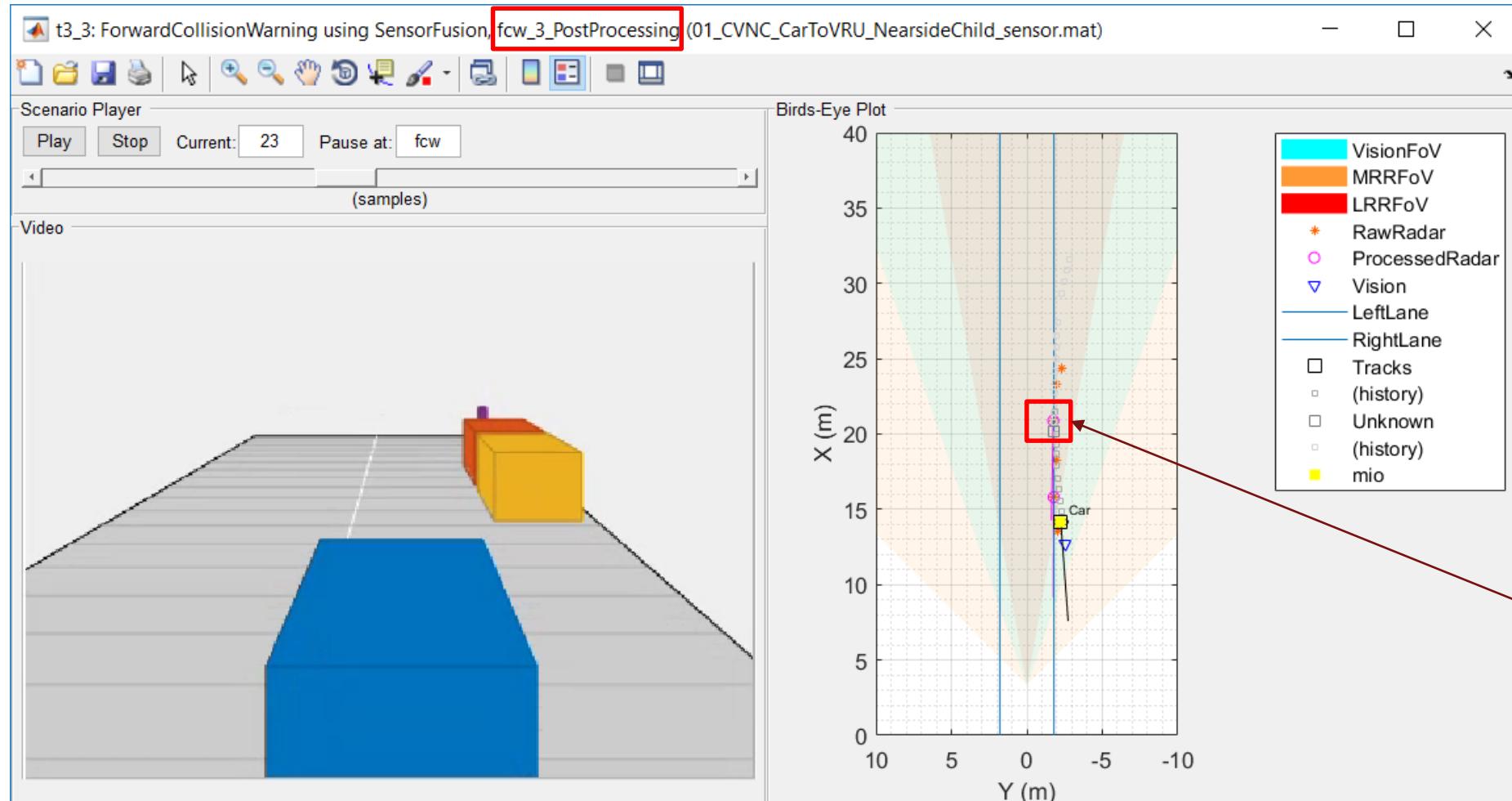
%%%%% FCW Triggering Condition
if ttc<0 % Triggering if ttc<0 (target is approaching to host)
...
if ((rangeMagnitude < brakingDistance) &&...
    (zone==zoneEnum.FCW))
    activateFCW = true; % FCW activated
  
```



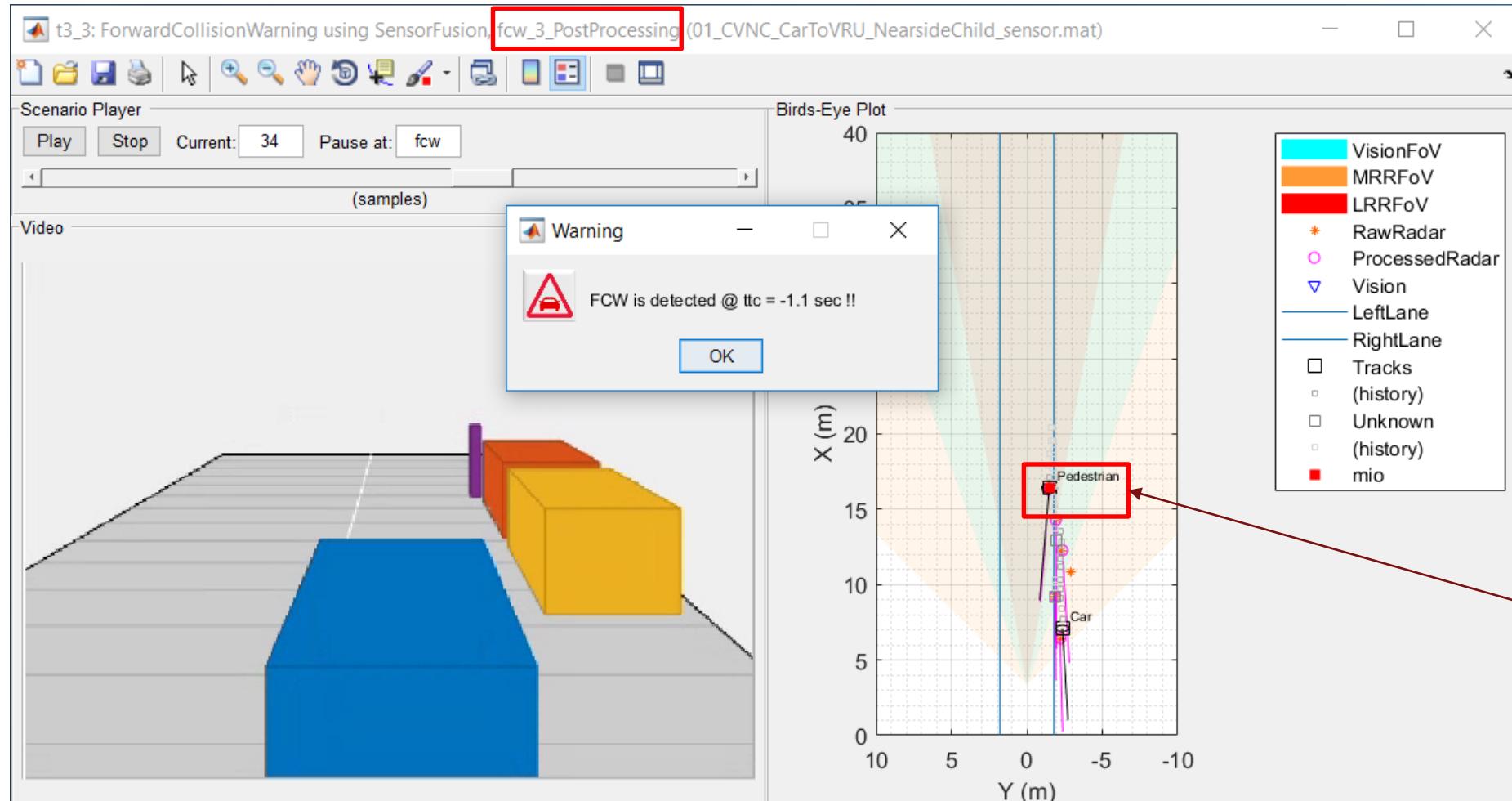
# Modified algorithm (*fcw\_3\_PostProcessing*)



# Sensor Fusion with Synthetic Data (*fcw\_3\_PostProcessing*)



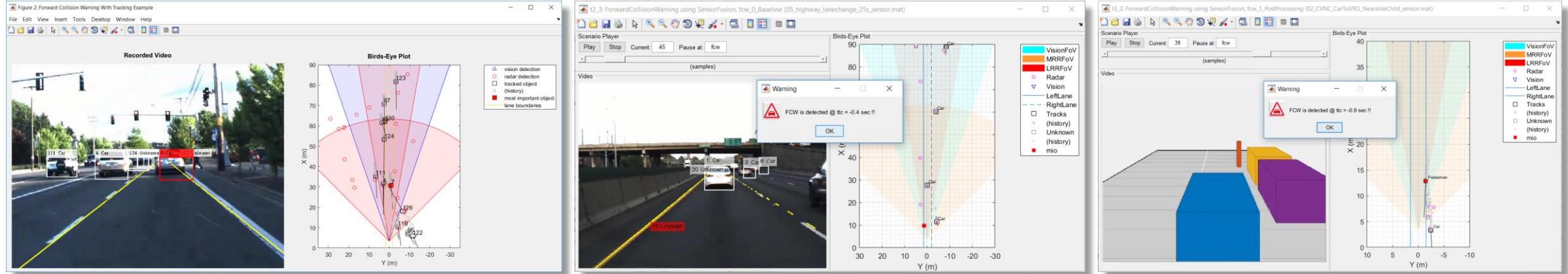
# Sensor Fusion with Synthetic Data (*fcw\_3\_PostProcessing*)



FCW detected  
by pedestrian  
detection

# Automated Driving System Toolbox R2017a

## Case study: Vision and radar-based sensor fusion



### Explore a baseline sensor fusion algorithm

- Read logged vehicle data
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- Implement forward collision warning

### Test the algorithm with new data set

- Test the baseline algorithm with new data set
- Tune algorithm parameters
- Customize the algorithm

### Synthesize data to further test the algorithm

- Create driving scenario
- Add sensor detections
- Generate synthetic data
- Test the algorithm